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(NASA-TM-80013) OAST SPACE THEME WORKSHOP.
VOLUME 3: WORKING GROUP SUMMARY. 6: POWER
(P-2). A. STATEMENT. B. TECHNOLOGY NEEDS
(FORM 1). C. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT (FORM 2)
(NASA) 123 p HC A06/MF A01

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NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

OAST SPACE THEME WORKSHOP

VOLUME III

WORKING GROUP SUMMARY

VI. POWER (P-2)

- A. STATEMENT
- B. TECHNOLOGY NEEDS (FORM I)
- C. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT (FORM II)

HELD AT THE
LANGLEY RESEARCH CENTER
APRIL 26-30, 1976



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Foreword

The attached material represents the working papers from the OAST Space Theme Workshop held at the Langley Research Center, April 26-30, 1976, and contains a quick-look analysis of the proceedings. The material is unedited and intended for further use by the participants of the workshop and the planning elements of NASA concerned with space mission research and technology. It should be understood that the data do not represent official plans or positions but are part of the process of evolving such plans and positions.

Nearly 100 of the Agency's top technologists and scientists joined with another 35 theme specialists to produce this working document - a document that provides a technical foundation, including research and technology base candidates, for each of the six space themes.

The material in this report is considered essential to the development of Center initiatives in support of these themes. Copies of the report will be made available to the Center Management Board and the individuals at the Centers responsible for the FY'78 program planning cycle. The timing of this planning activity has caused us to distribute this document in this unedited form. Thus, it possibly contains errors, hopefully, more of a typographical rather than a technological nature. Nonetheless, the information contained is of a high professional level, reflecting the efforts of the workshop participants and will be invaluable to the planning and successful execution of the Agency's near- and far-term advanced technology program.

Stanley R. Sadin
OAST Space Theme Workshop
Chairman
NASA Headquarters
Study, Analysis, & Planning Office
Office of Aeronautics and
Space Technology

MULTIPURPOSE SPACE POWER PLATFORM 7

INDUSTRIALIZATION OF SPACE #8

The requirements identified for Theme 7 (MPPS) & 8 were divided into three time frames in order to identify and assign priorities to technology items. The first flight time of 1983 dictated that technology be presently in hand or a low risk development. However, three new initiatives were identified including an accelerated flight of Sphinx B/C. Flight time of 1988 with its higher power levels required higher voltage and power components with longer life and lighter weight. This required four new initiatives to meet the requirements. The 2000 launch with its multi-megawatt requirements requires several new initiatives including new concepts in power transmission and distribution. The use of themes and discussions with the team was helpful in focusing the future power requirements so that the technology could be more easily identified.

POWER REQUIREMENTS - MSPP(#7)

LAUNCH DATE	1983	1988	2000+
• ORBIT LOCATION	LEO	GSO(P), LEO (S)	GSO
• POWER - KW	100(P) 200(S)	1,000	10,000
• VOLTS - DC	120	120	440
• LOADS	OFF-THE-SHELF HARDWARE	20 KV LASER PROPULSION; INDUSTRIAL	LASER PROP; HABITAT; M'F'G
• LIFE - YRS.	5	10	30
• AUTONOMOUS	YES	YES	YES
• MAINTENANCE	BY MAN	BY MAN	BY MAN
• PROPULSION	STATION KEEPING	SAME	• SAME • POSSIBLE ORBIT TRANSFER

(P) PRIMARY

(S) SECONDARY

POWER REQUIREMENTS - INDUSTRIALIZATION OF SPACE (#8)

LAUNCH DATE	1983	1988	2000
0 POWER - KW 0 VOLTS - DC 0 LOADS	10s 120 -	10³ 120 -	- TO 10⁵ 100 1000 OUTLETS
0 ORBIT 0 LIFE-YRS	- LEO 5-10	- LEO, GSO 10-15	- LEO, GSO, LUNAR BASE (100 MEN) 25-30
0 AUTONOMOUS 0 MAINTENANCE 0 PROPULSION	- YES - YES - STATIONKEEPING	- YES - YES - SAME	- YES - YES - SAME

POWER NEEDS FOR SETI #9

The SETI theme proposes three space-antenna systems with diameters of 30 meters for 1984, 300 for 1990, and 3000 for 2000. The first version will orbit geosynchronously; the others, at lunar distances in half-time shadow with a 29.3-day cycle. The latter two systems will require once-a-year reorientation at 1° per day: $\pm 2^\circ$ for the 300-meter antenna and $\pm 7^\circ$ for the 3000-meter one. Each dish has an RFI shield twice its diameter on its earth-facing side and antenna feed on its deep-space-facing side. Both the shield and antenna feed are located half dish radii from the dish surface on the system axis. Fully supported shield and dish surfaces might have thicknesses of the order of a millimeter. So these will be very large, very fragile, very deformable systems that will utilize periodic low-acceleration propulsion to repoint the dish, shield, and antenna feed as a whole.

The SETI space-system problems are unusual and difficult: For the geosynchronous orbit, environmental-charging technology is of prime importance. Uncontrolled arcing will cause RFI as will conventional controlled-beam discharges. So Sphinx B/C findings will be extremely valuable. Cost effectiveness and long lifetimes will make economical, light-weight, radiation-resistant solar-cell arrays (NI) necessary. And the uncommon aspects of SETI propulsion, cryogenics, and electrical-storage cycles require regenerative fuel-cell technology. Because SETI systems must operate essentially autonomously, they need automatic management, remote control, and advanced electronic conditioning of power, which are ongoing technological programs. As backups to a specifically adapted solar-cell, regenerative-fuel-cell power systems, OASIS (NI) and the nuclear thermionic power module should also be considered for SETI.

The fragile, extensive geometries; the shadow, propulsion, and storage cycles; RFI elimination; and economy and lifetime requirements of the SETI space-antenna systems result in these diverse, demanding power needs.

POWER REQUIREMENTS - SETI (No. 9)

LAUNCH DATE	1984	1990	2000
● POWER - KW	2	3-PLUS PROPULSION	10
● VOLTS	?	?	?
● SPECIAL LOADS	-	ORDER OF MEGAWATT FOR SHIELD AND DISH PROPULSION	-
● ORBIT	LEO/GSO	GSO/LUNAR DISTANCE	GSO/LUNAR DISTANCE
● UNIQUE ENVIRONMENT	o S/C CHARGING o HALF TIME SHADOW	SAME SAME	SAME SAME
● LIFE - YEARS	10	10	30
● AUTONOMOUS	YES	YES	YES
● MAINTENANCE	YES	YES	YES
● PROPULSION; ORBIT TRANSFER AND POSITIONING	YES	YES	YES
● SPECIAL EMI;RFI;ETC.	YES	YES	YES

FACILITY THEME #10

The Solar Exploration Theme (#10) emphasizes the development and operation of an Outer Planet Study Facility (Space Vehicle) with the initial one in Earth orbit launched in 1990 followed by the planetary facility in 1995. Significant drivers are the requirements for: (1) propulsive power (hundreds of Kw) and science (tens of Kw); (2) extremely long-life (10 to 20 years); capability of operating autonomously in the orbiting facility and supporting craft (free-flyers, landers, probes, sample-return); (4) providing power to the supporting craft under extremely severe Jovian environmental conditions (low temperature on surface, high "g" impact for penetrators, high natural radiation environments using RTG's and batteries and associated power processing equipment for regulation, conversion, and control).

These requirements create the need for the following technology support efforts: (1) Nuclear-thermionic development to supply the high power requirement and Solar Electric Propulsion for Low-Earth-Orbit to Geo-Synchronous Orbit; (2) Automated Power Systems Management Technology, which is essential because it provides automatic load control, self-test and repair capability, system health checks, power margin determination to avoid unintentional overloads, and fault-clearing; (3) Advances in power processing for planetary missions in order to raise low voltage thermionic diode power to kilovolt levels for NEP thruster systems and to work with support craft RTG's and batteries under the severe environments identified, which are critical technology drivers; (4) advances in automatic test techniques to checkout the autonomous power management function, redundant power processing, and long-life batteries which must be carefully maintained for up to 20 years; (5) advanced long-life, high performance batteries for the orbiters, probes, penetrators, landers, and rovers. Surface craft will require batteries of capable of very low temperature operation, being rechargeable, delivering high peak powers; (6) an advanced thermoelectric technology that provides capability of 20 year predictable performance with graceful degradation, and high "g" impact capability for penetrators; and (7) advanced solar array technology including improved solar cell capability and solar arrays for the Solar Electric Propulsion System - which is a precursor to Nuclear Electric Propulsion. SEP may also be used to raise the Earth Exploration facility from LEO to GSO.

Two new initiatives are planned: for Nuclear Thermionics and Advanced Power Systems Technology to achieve improvements in systems, storage, and power processing.

POWER REQUIREMENTS - EXPLORATION FACILITY (#10)

LAUNCH DATE	1990	1995
● ORBIT LOCATION	EARTH	OUTER PLANET
● POWER - KW [PROP + SCIENCE]	200	500
● VOLTS	≤ 200, 1000	SAME
● REGULATION [SCIENCE]	1%	SAME
● LIFE - YRS	≤ 10	20
● AUTONOMOUS	YES	YES
● MAINTENANCE	MAN	RESUPPLY, SAMPLE-RETURN
● PROPULSION [ORBITER]	SEP OR NEP	NEP
● ENVIRONMENTS		
- RADIATION	LEO TO GEO, NEP	NEP, JUPITER
- OTHER PLANETARY		-1500K, HIGH G
● FACILITY SUPPORT	FREE FLYER	IMPACT, RFI
		FREE FLYERS (RTG)
		PROBES (RTG, BATT'Y)
		LANDERS (RTG, BATT'Y)
		SAMPLE-RETURN (RTG, BATT'Y)

*YEAR 2000 STUDY FACILITY UNDEFINED

GLOBAL SERVICE SYSTEMS #11

The Global Service Systems theme, from a power point of view, drives orbiting power systems in Low Earth Orbit from 20 Kw in 1983 to 50 Kw in 1988 to 500 Kw by the year 2000. For Geosynchronous Orbit a 20 Kw system is needed from 1983 on. Progressively longer lives of from 3-5 years to 10-20 years with autonomous operation becoming more important in 1988 and beyond. It is apparent that sensor-instrumentation servicing of at least one time per year through the 1988 period will be needed. Maintenance and refurbishment of the power systems may, therefore, be feasible and could place less stringent demands on system life and reliability.

Technologically, this theme requires evolving solar array, energy storage, power conditioning and distribution technologies. The priorities were established on the basis of the relatively near term requirements. Some technologies that become significant in the long-term such as autonomous control, regenerative H_2/O_2 fuel cell and very high energy density battery storage systems do not appear in the negotiated priority assessment for this theme.

POWER REQUIREMENTS - GLOBAL SYSTEMS (#11)

LAUNCH DATE	1983	1988	2000
• POWER - KW (ORBIT)	20 (LEO)	20 (LEO) 50 (GSO)	500 (LEO) 2J (GSO)
• VOLTS - DC	120, HIGHER FOR SENSORS	SAME	SAME
• STORAGE FOR ECLIPSES	YES	YES	YES
• UNIQUE ENVIRONMENT	-	SPACECRAFT CHARGING	YES
• LIFE - YEARS	3 - 5	3 - 5 LEO 5 - 10 GSO	10 LEO 20 GSO
• AUTONOMOUS	NO	PARTIAL	TOTAL
• MAINTENANCE	ONCE/YEAR	ONCE/YEAR	ONCE IN 3 YEARS
• PROPULSION	STATION KEEPING	SAME	SAME
• EMI, RFI	- QUIET PREFERRED	ORBIT TRANSFER? SAME	SAME SAME

ADVANCED SPACE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS #12

The Space Transportation Systems (STS) addressed in this theme include Shuttle, Spacelab, Interim Upper Stage, and an advanced upper stage such as the Solar Electric Propulsion Systems (SEPS). The principal electrical power requirements for this theme are associated with the Solar Electric Propulsion System. Therefore technology requirements addressing the specific needs of an electric space tug and OTU were formulated. Key technology drivers identified were light-weight fuel cell development, unique and advanced solar array technology for solar electric propulsion, lightweight fuel cell development and nuclear electric propulsion. It was noted that the MSPP theme 7 has direct applicability to STS.

SPACE POWER SYSTEM ELEMENTS

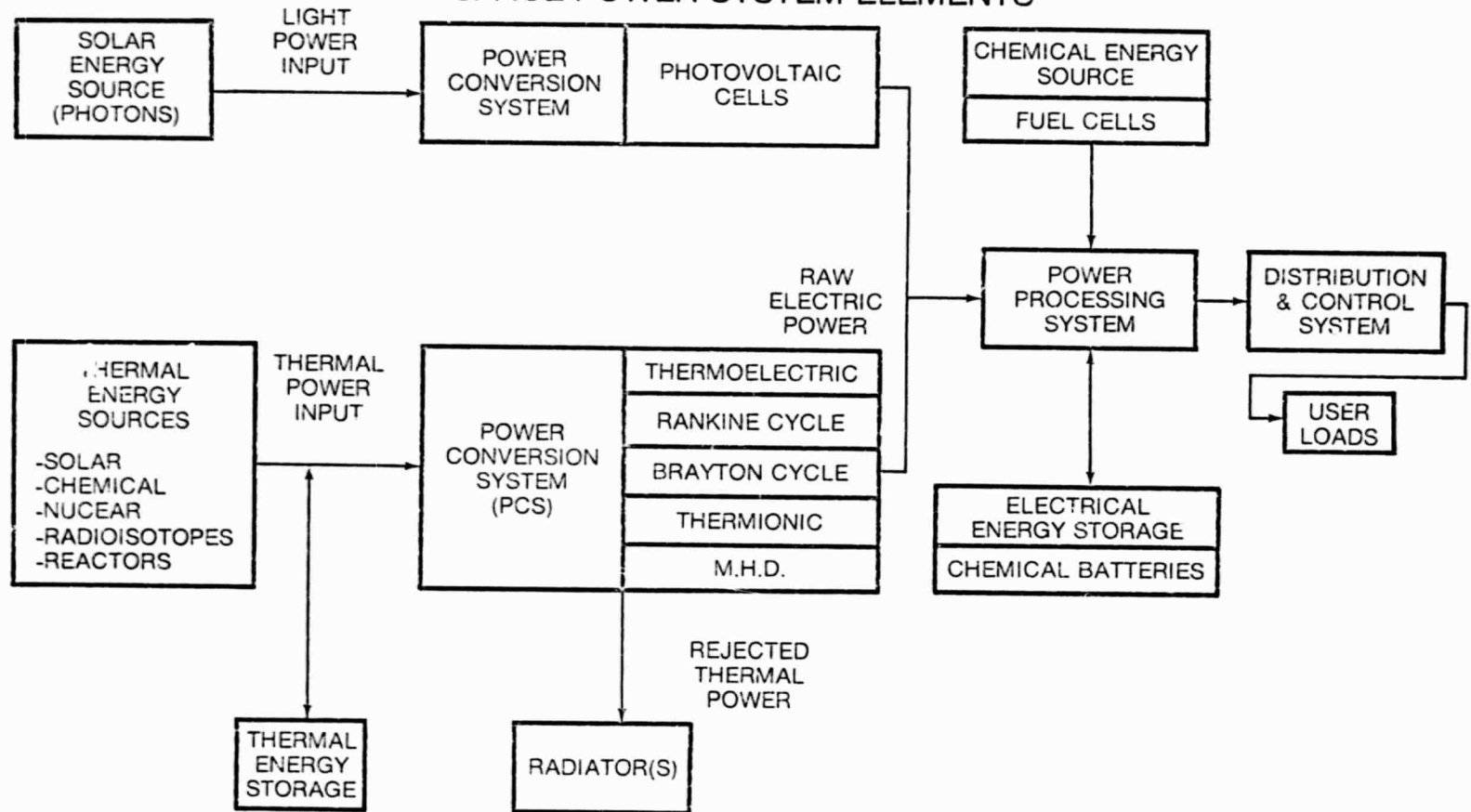
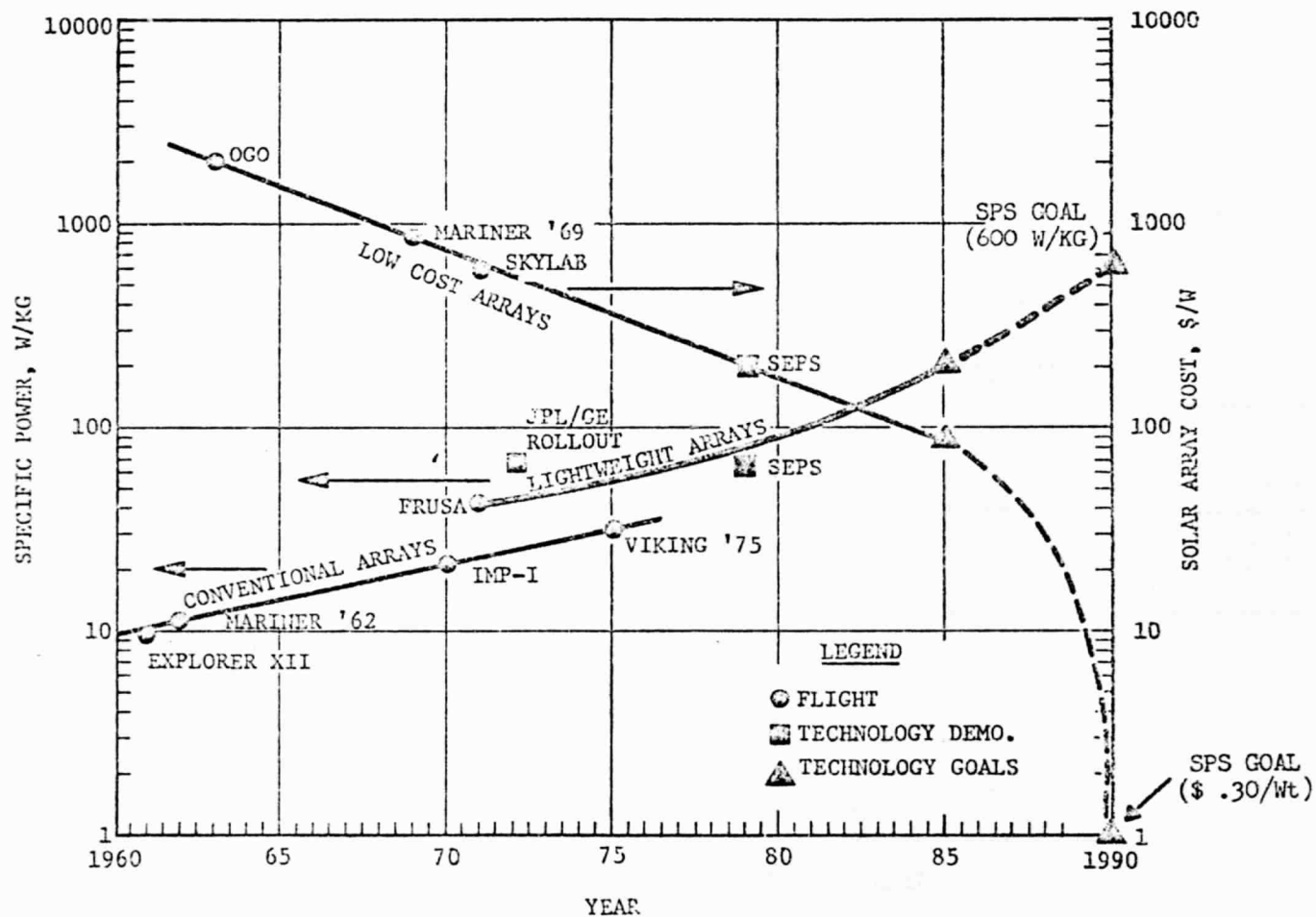


FIG. 1

HIGH POWER DENSITY SOLAR ARRAYS



REGION OF APPLICATION FOR SPACE NUCLEAR REACTOR POWER

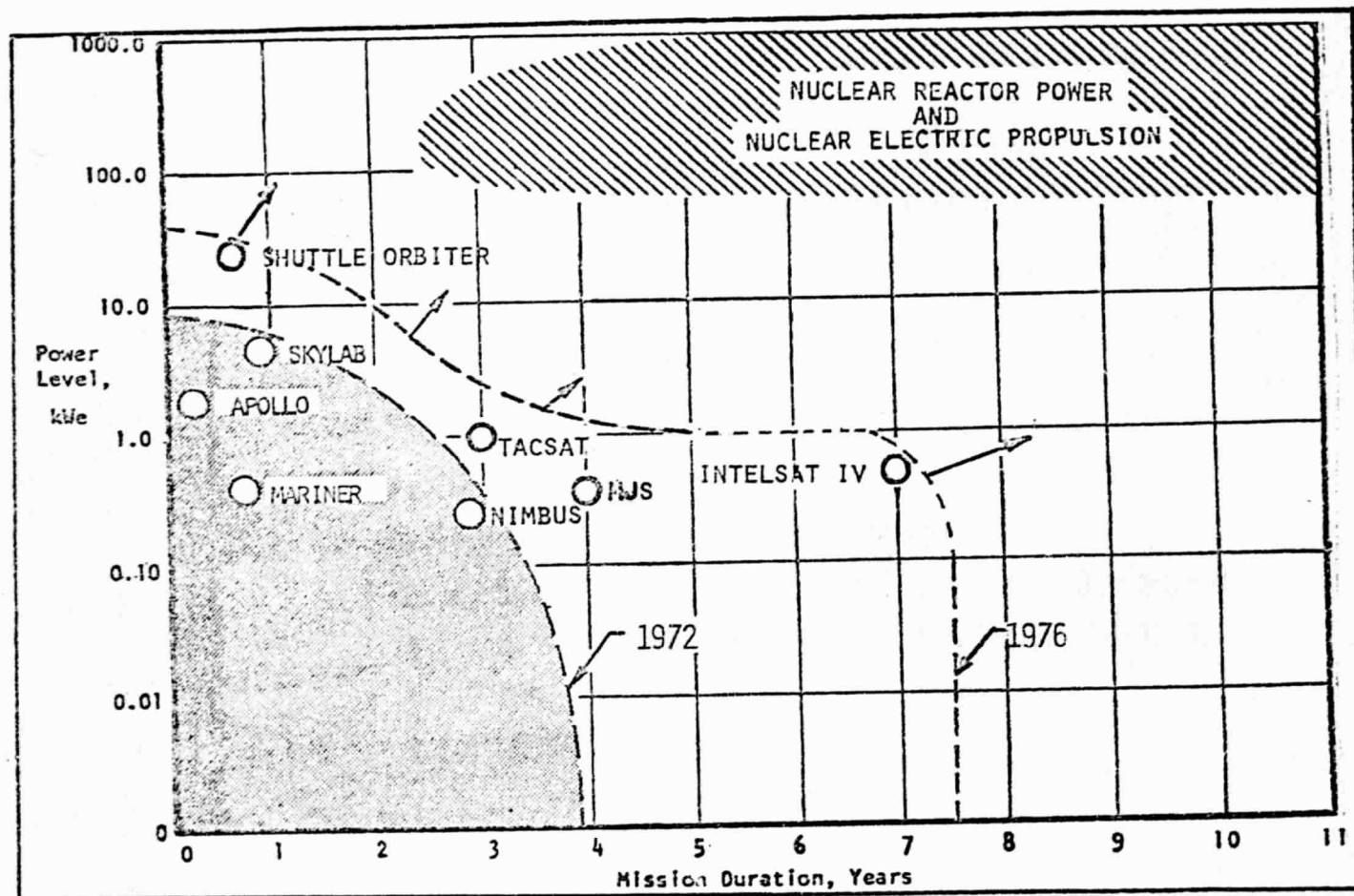


FIG. 3

BASELINE SPACE POWER PROGRAM
1980-85

10's OF KW
(LEO)

ON-GOING TECHNOLOGY

- SOLAR ARRAYS (67 W/KG)
- ISOTOPE BRAYTON ($\leq$ 25 KW)
- LT.WT. N1-Cd BATTERY (50-60 W HR/KG & 20 Ah CELLS)
- $\leq$ 400 V. POWER PROCESSING & 120 V D.C. DISTRIBUTION
- AUTOMATED POWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT
- MICROWAVE TRANSMISSION
- ENVIRONMENTAL INTERACTIONS

NEW INITIATIVES (FY 78)

- OASIS
- SPHINX B/C
- N1-Cd BATTERY SCALING (100 Ah CELLS)
- Ag-H. RECHARGEABLE BATTERY (88 W HR/KG)
- HIGH VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION
- EXPANDED AUTOMATED POWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT FOR UNIQUE THEME LOADS
- MICROWAVE TRANSMISSION (SPACE BASED)
- HIGH TEMPERATURE SOLAR ARRAY

BASELINE SPACE POWER PROGRAM
1990-95 2000

100's OF KW
(LEO & GSO)

10's OF MW
(GSO)

ON-GOING TECHNOLOGY

- ADVANCED SOLAR ARRAYS (200 W/KG)
- THERMIONIC CONVERSION (NUCLEAR)
- HIGH ENERGY DENSITY BATTERY (88 TO 200 W HR/KG)
- HIGH POWER/HIGH VOLTAGE POWER PROCESSING AND DISTRIBUTION
- ENVIRONMENTAL INTERACTIONS
- LASER TRANSMISSION
- AUTOMATED POWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

NEW INITIATIVES

- RADIATION RESISTANT SOLAR ARRAYS
- REGENERATIVE H₂O FUEL CELL
- HIGH TEMP. BRAYTON POWER CONVERSION
- RADIATION RESISTANT SOLAR CONCENTRATOR
- POWER PROCESSING FOR THERMIONIC CONVERSION
- LASER POWER TRANSMITTER & CONVERTER
- MW POWER SYSTEM INTERACTIONS
- ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE PHOTOVOLTAIC CONVERSIONNO. 7,10/P-2/PC-1HIGH-TEMPERATURE SOLAR ARRAYS

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Develop a high performance, high temperature solar array
for near sun and the high temperature environments

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☐ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ 4 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL ☐ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1983
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
 GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☒ Technology Development (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE FY 76: 506-23-12, \$0, NI Candidate FY'78

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

Develop an array using a solar cell appropriate for a high
temperature environment of +240° C and cycle life of
5600 cycles between +240° C and -100° C.

5. COMPONENT OR SUBSYSTEM TESTED IN RELEVANT
 ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. CONCEPTUAL MODEL
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
 OF STATE
 OF PART

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SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Photovoltaic Conversion LightweightNO. 7, 8, 10/p-2 /PC-2Radiation-Resistant Solar Arrays

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

To develop thin, lightweight, radiation resistant, low-cost solar cells.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 2 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT -- SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1988
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☒
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒
OTHER (Specify) ☒ Technology development (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE New Initiative candidate FY 78/

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

Compared with silicon solar cells, gallium arsenide cells potentially
may provide higher efficiency and higher radiation resistance while
operating also at higher temperature. CVD will yield thin lightweight
cells.

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Photovoltaic Conversion
High Temperature Solar Arrays

NO 10/P-2/PC-1
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

1. Identify specific requirements for mission such as Mercury orbit.
2. Develop space qualified solar cell.
3. Develop space qualified interconnect system.
4. Develop array constituents for high temperature system such as adhesives, encapsulants, and concentrators.
5. Develop integrated design.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

506-23-12

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

7, 8, 10, 11/P-2 /PC-5

1. TITLE PHOTOVOLTAIC CONVERSIONSOLAR CELL CHARACTERIZATION

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

To characterize the performance of solar cells over the
range of temperature, illumination intensity and irradiation
fluences experiences in a space environment.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☐, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ UNDER EXISTING PLANS. N/Ab) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY N/A
AT LEVEL ☐ FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE:

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐ N/Ad) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: FY 76 506-23-12 \$600

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

The technology exists to perform this task. It is the
act of characterizing solar cells so that proper cells
can be selected for specific solar system missions that is
required. These characteristics are catalogued for use.

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5. COMPONENT OR READINGS TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. DATA PRESENTED OBSERVED AND REPORTED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 2 OF 2

7,8,10,11/P-2/PC-4

NO.

THEME / W.G. / TASK

TITLE Photovoltaic Conversion

Light-Weight, Low-Cost Silicon Arrays

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

1. "Bolt-of-cloth" prototype machine analysis
2. Phase II design
3. Phase II "Bolt-of-cloth" demonstration
4. Establish feasibility of 200 w/kg array
5. Establish preliminary design
6. Develop and test prototype

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE ITEM	FY																			
	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM																				
1. See Plan	▽																			
2. See Plan		▽																		
3. See Plan				▽																
4. See Plan			▽																	
5. See Plan					▽															
6. See Plan						▽														

MANPOWER (M-Y)
INHOUSE
CONTRACTFUNDING (10⁶ \$)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT

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5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE PHOTOVOLTAIC CONVERSION

7, 8, 10, 11/P-2/PC-4

Light-Weight, Low-Cost St Arrays

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Develop light-weight, low-cost solar arrays.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1985

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐

GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐

OTHER (Specify) ☒ Technology Development (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: FY 76: 506-23-12 \$320K

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Design must be refined in order to develop a cell-to-blanket module assembly machine which will mechanically attach solar cells to a low-cost, light-weight substrate, electrically interconnect the cells and apply a radiation protection membrane over the finished solar cell. Present state-of-the-art rollout solar arrays are 66 w/kg. Studies have confirmed the feasibility of 100 w/kg arrays and indicate that 200 w/kg may be feasible. Methods of handling thin cells, flexible substrates and light-weight structures must be developed.

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Photovoltaic Conversion
Light Weight Radiation-Resistant Arrays

NO. 7,8,10/P-2/PC-2
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED
1. Develop ultra-thin GaAs crystal technique and growth of large area solar cells.
 2. Develop interconnect, encapsulation, and concentrator technique.
 3. Test small prototype array eq 1 Kw
 4. Develop automatic production facility for large arrays.
 5. Produce prototype array

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Photovoltaic Conversion Technology for
SEP and Payload Applications

NO. 1, 7-12/P-2/PC-7
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

DESIGN, FABRICATE, AND DEMONSTRATE LARGE LIGHT
WEIGHT SOLAR ARRAY 25 KWE, 30 WATTS/LB. 5-YEAR LIFE,
RETRACTABLE, 400 V.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 5, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ 6 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1979

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☒ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒

OTHER (Specify) ☐

(Check one or more)

f) BASE CANDIDATE YES (506-22-32 CURRENT PROGRAM) \$50K

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY - POWER DISTRIBUTION, PROCESSING AND
CONTROL.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

DEMONSTRATION OF MATERIALS AND ALTERNATES. SELECTION AND
DEMONSTRATION OF INTER CONNECT BONDING. TECHNOLOGY FOR
NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING (NDT) FOR POST-ASSEMBLY AND PREFLIGHT
EVALUATION. OF PARTICULAR IMPORTANCE IS THE SOLAR CELL/SOLAR
CELL INTER CONNECT BOND FOR THE WRAP-AROUND CONTACT CELL,
USING NON-SOLDER METHODS. DEMONSTRATE TECHNOLOGY BY GROUND
COMPONENT AND MODULE TEST AND ANALYSIS. ZERO "G" AIRCRAFT
DEMONSTRATING DEPLOYMENT AND SHUTTLE FLIGHT EXPERIMENT OF
SOLAR ARRAY.

**ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY**

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Photovoltaic Conversion
Solar Cell Characterization

7.8.10,11/P-2/

NO. PC-5

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28/ 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Continuing program of evaluation of various types of solar cells to develop catalog of performance characteristics for application to any required space environment. Includes calibration of standard solar cells in space by balloon flight, aircraft, shuttle, or satellite.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED
 5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Photovoltaic Conversion NO. 1,7,8,9,11,12/P-2/PC-8
Silicon Solar Cell Technology THEME / W.G. / TASK
 DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE Develop technology for low cost (\$5/w) solar cells and arrays with high end of life efficiency (14%)

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☐ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1985
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☒
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒
 OTHER (Specify) ☒ Technology Development (Check one or more)
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes RTOP 506-23-17 \$600K FY'76
 Yes RTOP 506-23-12 \$250K FY'76

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Development of cells with improved end of life efficiency. These may include some or all of epitaxially grown junction, ion implanted junction, back surface field, heavily doped base, wraparound contact and textured front surface. Definition of basic loss mechanism and radiation damage in photovoltaic devices. Investigation of processes for low cost fabrication; i.e., thick film processes and integration of automatable processes into fabrication line. New concepts for covering/encapsulating with plastic sheets. Newer cell concepts such as the multijunction edge illuminated silicon cell for use with concentrators.

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Photovoltaic Conversion Technology for
SEP and Payload Applications

NO. 1.7-12/P-2/PC7
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

This is an existing program. Preliminary design is complete, required technology has been identified and a representative section of a wing has been built and some testing performed. Materials investigations are underway. A non-destructive test technology program is proposed. It is proposed to demonstrate technology by ground component and module testing and analysis zero "G" aircraft deployment and Shuttle Flight Experiment

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS There is no real option to this solar array technology for the 1983 flight of the first MSPP with up to 100 KW power level.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Energy StorageNO. 1,7,8,9,10/P-2/ES-1Technology for Improving Performance

THEME / W.G. / TASK

and Life of Alkaline Secondary BatteriesDATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

To develop single cell protection devices, pulse charging techniques and separators to improve performance and life of alkaline secondary batteries.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 4, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☐ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1979

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☒GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐OTHER (Specify) ☐ RTOP 506-16-12 \$0 FY'76 (Check one or more)

RTOP 506-23-24 \$100K FY'76

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE YES RTOP 506-23-23 \$150K FY'76

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Single cell protection systems based on microelectronic circuits should significantly prolong the life of alkaline storage batteries. In cases where partially soluble electrodes are involved, i.e. Cd, Ag, Zn, pulse charging should help prevent textural changes on cycling and hence improve life. Inorganic-organic flexible separators have significant potential. Continuing work on these concepts for broader application to the Ni/Cd and Ag/H₂ systems are needed,

5. COMPONENT OR BOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART

FORM NO. 1

TITLE Photovoltaic Conversion Silicon
Solar Cell Technology

NO. 1,7,8,
9,11 P-2 PC8
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

Continuing technology program aimed at improving the silicon solar cell. Various cell concepts are explored. The basic theory of radiation damage will define a new cell approach. Thinner cells and automated low cost fabrication techniques for low cost are defined.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

RTOP 506-23-12

RTOP 506-23-17

FY

[illegible][illegible]

'78 NEW INITIATIVE

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Energy Storage
Silver Hydrogen Rechargeable Battery
Systems.

NO. 1,7,8,9,11/P-2/ES-2
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE To provide higher energy density, long life electrochemical
energy storage system for synchronous orbit, 40 watt hr/#, 500 cycles,
10 yr. life.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 4 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1988
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒
 OTHER (Specify) ☒ Technology Development (Check one or more)
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes RTOP 506-23-24, 190K FY '76

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
 USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY Improved inorganic/organic battery separator,
electrolyte reservoir plate.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

A higher energy density electrochemical storage capability is required.

The A_g/H_2 system offers possible 40 watt hr/# synchronous orbit, 10 yr. life
~ 500 cycles. Based on a blending of inorganic-organic separator and battery
electrode technology with electrolyte reservoir technology and hydrogen elec-
trodes from fuel cell technology, this system represents an improvement
over lightweight nickel cadmium.

5. COMPONENT OR DREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT
 ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
 MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
 OF STATE
 OF ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Energy Storage
Technology for Improving Performance
and Life of Alkaline Secondary Batteries

NO. 1,7,8,
9,10 P-2 ES1
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Electronic single cell protectors using microelectronics to be tested. Multiplexer concepts to be explored to reduce complexity. Pulse charging techniques to be studied to form basis for charger system design/development. Composite inorganic-organic materials to achieve flexibility, low cost and uniform material. Production methods will continue to evolve. Aimed at Ni/Cd and Ag/H₂ systems.

7. **ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS** None; cell imbalance and life limiting processes lead to highly conservative operational use and thus the full capacities are not utilized.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

RTOP 506-23-24

RTOP 506-23-23

RTOP 506-16-12

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Energy Storage
Long-Life, Lightweight Ni-Cd Battery

NO. 1,7,8,10,11/p-2 ES-3
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE
Develop long life, lightweight (55 wh/kg) nickel-cadmium battery.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW [4], WILL BE LEVEL [5] UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT -- SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL [5] FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE 1983
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
 GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☐ technology development (Check one or more)
 506-23-24 - \$50K
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: FY 76, 506-23-23 - \$100K

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Optimization of case, separator, and plaque design will result in upgrading the specific energy of Ni Cd cells.

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1. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN RESEARCH
 2. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN DEVELOPMENT
 3. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN PRODUCTION
 4. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN OPERATION
 5. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN DESTRUCTION
 6. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN OBSOLETE
 7. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN UNKNOWN

1. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN RESEARCH
 2. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN DEVELOPMENT
 3. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN PRODUCTION
 4. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN OPERATION
 5. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN DESTRUCTION
 6. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN OBSOLETE
 7. STATE OF TECHNOLOGY - CURRENT IN UNKNOWN

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Energy Storage

Silver Hydrogen Rechargeable Battery Systems

NO. 1,7,8,9,10,11/P2/ES2

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Cell components comprising inorganic/organic separators, electrolyte reservoir plates and electrodes, and pressure vessels will be developed for lightweight constructions. An engineering model system (EMS) will be developed for test and demonstration in space. Systems for synchronous orbit and probe missions will be developed.

7. **ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS** The Ni/Cd battery, which even in its lightweight form will be twice as heavy. A regenerative hydrogen/oxygen fuel cell storage system represents an alternative (See EC 7,8)

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)
RTOP 506-23-24 covers supporting R&D

RTOP 506-23-24 covers supporting R&T work on this battery system. A 1978 New Start was submitted.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Energy StorageNO. 1,7,8,9,11/P-2/ES-4High Energy Density Batteries

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE To provide rechargeable batteries for low earth orbit or
synchronous orbit with energy densities > 100 watt hr/#.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 4 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT -- SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1990

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒OTHER (Specify) ☒ Technology Development (Check one or more)f) BRT BASE CANDIDATE Yes RTOP 506-23-24 - 90K FY 76

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
 USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY Thermal management of 300°C battery systems
in space.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

Rechargeable batteries based on alkali metals with solid electrolyte should
be available from terrestrial programs operating ~300°C. These should
be evaluated for large storage needs in space. Further research should
provide similar energy density capabilities at ~100°C. Sodium as the
negative and sulfur either molten or dissolved in organic solution or
solid intercalation compounds with both ionic and electronic conduction,
as the positives are likely choices.

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5. COMPONENT OR CHARACTERISTIC TESTED IN RELEVANT
 ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC TEST EVALUATED AND REPORTED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
 MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
 OF STATE
 OF ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Energy Storage
Long-Life, Lightweight Ni Cd Battery

NO. 7,8,10,11/P-2/ES-3
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Fourteen step process addressing lightweight cases, seals,
and plaques and optimizing separator design.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE ENERGY STORAGE
PRIMARY PROBE BATTERIES

NO. 10/P-2/ES-5
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4/26/76

2. OBJECTIVE

DEVELOP BATTERIES FOR PROBES WHICH CAN DELIVER
HIGH POWER OUTPUT AFTER PROLONGED (7-10 YEARS) STORAGE.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW 2, WILL BE LEVEL 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1983
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
 GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☒ TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

REMOTELY ACTIVATED BATTERIES HAVING AN ENERGY DENSITY OF
40 WH/LB ARE DESIRED FOR PROBE APPLICATIONS. PRESENT ENERGY
DENSITIES OF 8 SH/LB ARE AVAILABLE. ACTIVATION DEVICES,
SEPARATORS, AND CHEMICAL SYSTEMS OTHER THAN AG ZN WILL BE
EXAMINED.

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FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Energy Storage
High Energy Density Batteries

NO. ^{1,7,8,}
9,11 P-2 ES4
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4/28/76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Ongoing technology programs for terrestrial energy storage is developing several 300 °C > 100 watt hr per # batteries. The most promising versions will be selected and modified to meet space requirements and tested. Continued research on systems operating ≤ 100 °C will be carried out.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS None, except tradeoff depending
on storage capacity requirement against regenerative fuel
cell systems.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

RTOP 506-23-24, and ERDA programs in high energy batteries.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

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OF POOR QUALITY

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Energy Storage

NO. 7,8 / P-2/ES-6

Large Ni Cd Batteries

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Develop a 100 Ah NiCd battery having five year cycle life.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 5, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1985

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐

OTHER (Specify) ☒ Technology development (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

Technology development to flight ready status is required for a large
(100 Ah) cell and battery for energy storage for the MSPP. The problem
is one of scale-up, and optimization of performance by using the most
appropriate electrode plaques, separators, and cases. Particular attention
needs to be directed to thermal control problems

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED
5. COMPONENT OR SUBASSEMBLY TESTED IN RELEVANT
ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT
LEVEL
OF STATE
OF ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Energy Storage

Primary Probe Batteries

NO. 10/ P-2/ES-5
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

1. Remotely activated Ag-Zn
2. Remotely activated Li-SO₂ and Li-H₂O
3. Rechargeable Ag-Cd

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

5. COMPONENT OR PROTOTYPE TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Energy Storage

Advanced Regenerative Hydrogen/

Oxygen Fuel Cell Systems

NO. 1,7,8,9,11/P-2/ES7
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Second Generation Fuel Cell Technology for Regenerative

H₂/O₂ Energy Storage

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1991
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☒ Technology Development (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE YES - NEW INITIATIVE

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

Second generation fuel cell development

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

The regenerative H₂/O₂ electrolyzer/fuel cell for energy storage can be further improved beyond the lightweight technology fuel cell by utilizing the higher efficiency higher power density components. The electrolyzer will need to be optimized for use with the second generation fuel cell and the system integrated for storage application.

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FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE

Energy Storage

Large Ni Cd Batteries

NO. 7, 8 / P-2 / ES 6
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 11 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

1. Establish environmental and performance requirements
2. Develop specifications
3. Procure prototypes
4. Test in ground environment

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE ENERGY STORAGE

NO. 1,7,8,9,&11/P-2/ES-8

PHOTOVOLTAIC - ELECTROLYSIS - FUEL

THEME / W.G. / TASK

CELL POWER SYSTEM

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

ESTABLISH AN OPERATIONAL BREADBOARD USING AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGY FOR DISCRETE PORTIONS OF THE SYSTEM.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 4, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1984

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐

OTHER (Specify) ☒ DEMONSTRATION OF SYSTEM (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE YES

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR

USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY LIGHT WEIGHT FUEL CELL HIGH POWER, LIGHT WEIGHT SOLAR ARRAY.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

THIS CONCEPT USES SOME FORM OF PHOTOVOLTAIC CONVERSION TO PROVIDE ELECTRICAL ENERGY DURING THE SUNLIGHT PORTION OF THE ORBIT. EXCESS ENERGY IS STORED IN THE FORM OF HYDROGEN AND OXYGEN GASES GENERATED BY A WATER ELECTROLYSIS UNIT. DURING THE ORBITAL NIGHT THE HYDROGEN AND OXYGEN ARE CONVERTED TO ELECTRICAL ENERGY AND WATER BY THE FUEL CELL. THIS CONCEPT USES THE PRINCIPLE OF A REGENERATIVE FUEL CELL WITH DEDICATED ELECTROLYSIS AND FUEL CELL STACKS TO ELIMINATE PROBLEMS AND ENABLE ADAPTABILITY TO LARGE POWER SYSTEMS.

1. CONCEPT OR TECHNOLOGY TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
2. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
3. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. DESIGN CONCEPT TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT
2. THEORY TESTED TO REQUIRE DEMONSTRATION
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. REPRESENTATIVE FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
STATE
PART

TITLE	Energy Storage
	Advanced Regenerative Hydrogen/ Oxygen Fuel Cell Systems

NO. 1,7,8,9,11/P2/ES7
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

The second generation fuel cell technology (ECC-2) will be paralleled in an electrolysis system and the systems developed for modular application for large energy storage applications. Lightweight, high efficiency, high current density in the alkaline system.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS The ion exchange membrane type fuel cell/ electrolysis system and the first generation lightweight alkaline systems.

These have 1/2 the specific power. High energy density batteries may be applicable.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

RTOP 90944-05-54 on the ion exchange membrane version of the system.

910/

910/ RTOP 506-23-24 and New Start on the second generation advanced fuel cell.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible]

MANPOWER (M-Y)										
INHOUSE	.07	.08	.09	.10	.11	.12	.13	.14	.15	.16
CONTRACT	.02	.02	.02	.05	.05	.05	.05	.01	0	
FUNDING (10^6)										
INHOUSE	.02	.02	.02	.05	.05	.05	.05	.01	0	
CONTRACT	.2	.2	.2	2.5	2.0	1.5	1.0	.5	.5	

5. COMPONENT OR SUBSYSTEM TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. DATA THEORY OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE ELECTROCHEMICAL CONVERSION
LIGHT-WEIGHT FUEL CELL

NO. 1,7,8,12 / P-2/ECC-1
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Design, fabricate, test and demonstrate a light-weight fuel cell power plant to operate on propellant grade reactants.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW 4, WILL BE LEVEL 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1980
c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒
d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)
f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes 506-23-24 100K
910-05-03 125K

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

This continuing task is directed towards design, fabrication, testing and demonstration of a light-weight fuel cell power plant technology capable of operating from reactants acquired from the vehicle propulsion tanks, which eliminates the need for dedicated tankage and reactants. The basic design will be available in modular sizing from 3 to 24 KW at a 15 lb/kw power density and 5,000 hr. life. The design will be based on a single-cell design developed by LeRC.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 3

1. TITLE Electrochemical Conversion -
Second Generation Fuel Cell Technology
(Alkaline Matrix and Ion Exchange Membrane Acid)

NO. 1,7,8,9,11,12/P-2/ECC2
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE Develop alkaline H_2/O_2 lightweight second generation fuel cell,
.9 V, > 3000 hrs, 250°F and develop an acid IEM fuel cell with 100,000 hr
life and invariant performance.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 4 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1988
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☒ Technology Development (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE _____

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
 USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY High temperature oxidation resistant
polymeric materials for matrices and construction. Catalysts and
electrode reactions technology.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- 1) A solid polymer IEM acid fuel cell stack has run over 35,000 hours with no detectable performance degradation, 100,000 hours at higher efficiencies are reasonable goals with higher pressure operation.
- 2) By replacing asbestos as a matrix material with fibrous polybenzimidazole or other polymer mat., an improved catalyst and heat removal system, higher operating temps can be utilized. This yields higher efficiencies at lower weights.
- 3) Both these systems are a necessary part of the advanced fuel cell/ electrolysis (regen fuel cell) energy storage system.
- 4) One Page 2 for each of these concepts.

5. COMPONENT OR BREATHBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT
 ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

LEVEL
 OF STATE
 OF ART
 1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
 MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 3 OF 3

TITLE Electrochemical Conversion
Ion-Exchange Membrane Fuel Cell Technology

NO. 1,7,8,9,11/P-2/EOC-2
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Continue current program with primary effort on sub-scale hardware. Scale up to full-size cells at appropriate time. The program will not go to full system tests but will solve technology problems in stack testing which will allow the concept to be designed into a system after the program or application is defined.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS	None
--	------

Fy 76 RTOP 909-44-05-54

FY 77 RTOP 910-44-05-54

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE ELECTROCHEMICAL CONVERSION

FUEL CELL ELECTRODE AND CATALYTIC TECHNOLOGY

NO. 1, 7, 8, 9, 11/P-2/ECC-3
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Evaluate fuel cell electrode reactions and catalysts efficiencies to enhance performance.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 4 UNDER EXISTING PLAN
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY ☐ DATE: 1980
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Using the technique of ESCA (Electron Spectroscopy for Chemical Analysis) research will be performed to further understanding of fuel cell chemical phenomena such as surface reactions, catalytic processes, and electrodes. This technology will aid in the search for cheaper catalysis.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

1. COMPONENT OR SUBSYSTEM TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
2. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
3. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART
1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE POWER PROCESSING DISTRIBUTION AND
CONTROLS: ADVANCED ELECTRONIC POWER
CONDITIONING TECHNOLOGY

NO. 1,7-12/P-2/PP-1
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

DEVELOP TO TECHNOLOGY READY STATUS UNIQUE HARDWARE
ITEMS REQUIRED TO ENABLE ADVANCED HIGH POWER ELECTRICAL POWER
SYSTEM CONCEPT IMPLEMENTATION.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 2 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY ☐ DATE: ☐
c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☒ HARDWARE DEMONSTRATIONS (Check one or more)
f) RDT BASE CANDIDATE YES (506-23-30) (\$450K)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY -- HIGH VOLTAGE MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY,
HIGH POWER/HIGH VOLTAGE/LOW LOSS ELECTRONIC COMPONENT DEVELOP-
MENT.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT IN HIGH POWER ADVANCED ELECTRICAL
POWER CONDITIONING IS REQUIRED BECAUSE OF THE SEVERE IMPACT
PRESENT TECHNOLOGY HAS ON SUCH KEY PARAMETERS AS WEIGHT,
EFFICIENCY AND RELIABILITY. SPECIFICALLY, ADVANCED ELECTRICAL
POWER CIRCUIT TECHNOLOGY IS REQUIRED FOR SUCH AREAS AS
ELECTRICAL CONDITIONING FOR THERMIONIC CONVERTERS (I.E., HIGH
CURRENT, LOW VOLTAGE), BI-DIRECTIONAL FOUR QUADRANT POWER
CONDITIONERS FOR BATTERY CHARGE-DISCHARGE CYCLES, AND HIGH
VOLTAGE, HIGH POWER CONDITIONERS FOR RF TRANSMISSION.

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2TITLE POWER PROCESSING DISTRIBUTION AND CONTROL:
ADVANCED ELECTRONIC POWER CONDITIONING
TECHNOLOGYNO. 1, 7-12/P-2/PP-1
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- (1) Identify unique Power Conditioning needs which constitute major mission penalties and/or impediments.
- (2) Evolve and implement a technology ready program addressing solutions to unique power conditioning requirements of (1) above.
- (3) Verify adequacy of approach (weight, efficiency, etc.) and availability of power circuit sub-element designs.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS Wait until project phase C/D to begin design and incur the historical problem of cost overruns due to technical roadblocks and schedule slips associated with power conditioning hardware.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Power Processing and Distribution Technology

506-23-30

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

	FY																			
SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM*																				
(See 6. above)																				
100kw/LEO) Hardware)				R	▽			0												
1 mw/LEO/GSO) Hardware)								△					R	▽			0			
10 mw/GSO) Hardware)																	△			R

MANPOWER (M-Y)																				
* INHOUSE	10				12							16								
CONTRACT																				
FUNDING (10 ⁶ \$)																				
* INHOUSE	1.5	1.5	1.5					.2					.25							
CONTRACT	.3	.3	.55					.7					.75							

*NOTE: This is a continuing R&T Program which addresses varying user needs; data shown is average level of effort.

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE POWER PROCESSING DISTRIBUTION AND
CONTROL: INTEGRALLY REGULATED SOLAR
ARRAY TECHNOLOGY

NO. 1-7-8-9-10-11/P-2/PP-2
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE DEVELOP TO TECHNOLOGY-READY STATUS, THE APPLICABILITY
OF DIRECT ON THE ARRAY REGULATION OF ELECTRICAL POWER FOR
DEDICATED LOADS.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW [4], WILL BE LEVEL [5] UNDER EXISTING PLANS.b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL [6] FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY [DATE:]

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ ORENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☒GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒OTHER (Specify) ☐

(Check one or more)

f) NOT BASE CANDIDATE YES (506-23-30) (\$150K)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY HIGH VOLTAGE MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY

SPACE ENVIRONMENTAL INTERACTIONS

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

NO MAJOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT IS
REQUIRED, HOWEVER, TWO OTHER AREAS DO REQUIRE TECHNOLOGY
ADVANCEMENT. SPECIFICALLY, THE SPACE ENVIRONMENTAL
INTERACTION EFFECTS OF PLASMA/CHARGING FOR LARGE HIGH VOLTAGE
SYSTEMS AND THE PROPER APPLICATION OF HIGH VOLTAGE MATERIALS.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2TITLE POWER PROCESSING DISTRIBUTION AND CONTROL:
INTEGRALLY REGULATED SOLAR ARRAY TECHNOLOGYNO. 1.7-12/P-2/PP-2
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- (1) Feasibility Study (completed)
- (2) Laboratory feasibility demonstration (completed)
- (3) Application study
- (4) Engineering model demonstration
- (5) Environmental interaction compatibility verification (see power sectopm P-2 EI1 through EI5)

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS Use previous approach of unregulated solar array with in-line voltage regulation and load power conditioning and accept the weight and efficiency penalties.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Existing program at LeRC
Power Processing and Distribution Technology
506-23-30

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

	FY																			
SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM																				
Feasibility Study																				
Lab feasibility																				
Application Study																				
Eng. Mod. Build																				
Eng. Mod. Demo																				
H.V. Materials Supt																				
*Environ. Verific.																				

MANPOWER (M-Y)																				
INHOUSE	4	5	5	5	4	2														
CONTRACT																				
FUNDING (10 ⁶ \$)																				
INHOUSE	.05	.1	.1	.1	.1	.05														
CONTRACT	.3	.4	.2	.1																

*Resources do not include environmental program data.

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE POWER PROCESSING, DISTRIBUTION AND CONTROL: HIGH POWER/HIGH VOLTAGE/LOW LOSS ELECTRONIC COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT NO. 7,8,9,10, 11, 12/P-2/PP-3 THEME/W.G./TASK

DATE 4 / 28 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Develop to a technology ready status identified electronic components (i.e., rectifiers, power transistors, capacitors, power magnetics, etc.) presently limiting advanced power system concepts.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 2 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE:
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☒
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☒ Demonstrate with Prototype (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes (506-23-31) (\$450K)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

None other than basic solid state physics and high voltage materials technology.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

As power levels increase to 10's and 100's of kilowatts, (even more in some cases), hardware inefficiencies (component electrical losses) become increasing important. Two technology advances are therefore required in the general area of power electronic components (1) increase the efficiency, and (2) increase the power (current and voltage) handling capabilities of specific components identified as limiting or penalizing advanced electrical power system concepts.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

5. COMPONENT OR SUBASSEMBLY TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. DESIGN/CONCEPT DEVELOPED AND IDENTIFIED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
OF STATE
OF ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE POWER PROCESSING, DISTRIBUTION AND CONTROL:

NO. 1,7-12/P-2/PP-3

HIGH POWER/HIGH VOLTAGE/LOW LOSS ELECTRONIC

THEME / W.G. / TASK

COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- (1) Identify new unique power component needs which constitute major mission penalties and/or impediments.
- (2) Evolve and implement a technology development program addressing solutions to new and unique power component requirements of (1) above.
- (3) Verify performance characteristics and, if practical, incorporate developed device in user test program.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

For high power high voltage power electronic designs availability of components (solid state and static) are limiting factors.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

High Performance Power Electronic Components

506-23-31

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

	FY																			
SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM* (See 6. above)																				
100kw/LEO } Requirements)			R					0												
1 mw/LEO/GSO } Requirements)												R					0			
10 mw/GSO } Requirements)																				R

MANPOWER (M-Y)

* INHOUSE

CONTRACT

FUNDING (10⁶ \$)

* INHOUSE

CONTRACT

MANPOWER (M-Y)	4	6				8										10				
* INHOUSE																				
CONTRACT																				
FUNDING (10 ⁶ \$)	.15	.2				.24										.28				
* INHOUSE																				
CONTRACT	.3	.4				.6			.8											

*NOTE: This is a continuing R&T Program which addresses varying user needs; data shown is average level of effort.

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Power Processing, Distribution and Control
High Voltage Materials Technology

NO. 11.12/p-2/PP-4
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Provide a firm materials technology base for advanced high-power/high-voltage electrical power system concepts (that is, dielectric films, encapsulents, conformal coatings, etc.)

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 2 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY [DATE: _____]
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☒ Laboratory testing (Check one or more)
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes (506-23-30) (\$30K)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY None

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Materials analysis, research, and characterization of life limiting and physically destructive mechanisms such as partial discharge, corona breakdown, and/or arc over is required for advanced high-voltage high-power electrical systems. Additionally, unique characteristics such as material photoconductivity and new thin film dielectrics such as polyvinylidene fluoride or advanced coatings such as paralyne must be exploited and understood.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
 OF POOR QUALITY

5. COMMENT ON DESIGN AND TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. LEVEL OF STATE OF ART
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE POWER PROCESSING, DISTRIBUTION, AND CONTROL:

NO. 1,7-12/P-2/PP-4

HIGH VOLTAGE MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Past programs which contained high voltage power electronic hardware (SERT, SPHINX, GEOS, CTS, etc) have consistently encountered technical problems (some serious) in the area of high voltage electrical phenomenon (corona & arcing). In order to confidently pursue multi-hundred kilowatt power programs, a firm technology base in high voltage materials is essential.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

Solve technical problems as they develop and accept a very high risk approach (\$ overrun/schedule slips)

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

A small effort now is included in Power Processing and Distribution
RTOP 506-23-30

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible]

1. TITLE Power Processing, Distribution and Control: NO. 1, 7, 8, 10, 11/p-2/PP-5
Remote Power Controller (RPC) Technology for THEME / W.G. / TASK
High Power dc Distribution Systems DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE Provide technology ready development base for RPC's in the
range of 10's to 100's of amperes and 100's to 1000's of volt dc
(that is, solid-state switch gear)

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 2 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE:
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☒ devel. & demo. via protoflight (Check one or more)
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes (506-23-31) (\$50K)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
 USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY high-power high-voltage solid-state switches
(that is, transistors and/or silicon controlled rectifiers)

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Starting with existing 28 volt (Shuttle) and 120 volt (Lewis R.C.
technology ready program) RPC R&D activities, a gradual growth of RPC
power capacities will be evolved. The program evolution will specifically
maintain present logic and control capabilities such as i²t and/or
instantaneous 3x current trip characteristics while augmenting the power
handling rating in accordance with the developing needs of high power dc
electrical distribution systems.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
 OF POOR QUALITY

1. SYSTEMS ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
 2. ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY
 3. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 4. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. SYSTEMS ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
 2. ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY
 3. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 4. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT
 5. TEST NEW FUNCTION OF CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED
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SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE POWER PROCESSING, DISTRIBUTION, AND CONTROL:

NO. 1,7-12/P-2/PP-5

REMOTE POWER CONTROLLER (RPC) TECHNOLOGY FOR

THEME / W.G. / TASK

HIGH POWER dc DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Using the existing technology demonstration program (LeRC) for 120 vdc RPC's as a model, similar programs will be evolved for a family of load RPC's in the range of 120 vdc/30a to 480 vdc/100a, and for a family of bus RPC's in the range of 1 kvdc/50a to 30 kvdc/150 a. Three power systems levels will be addressed, 100 kilowatts, 1 megawatt, and 10 megawatts.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS Without the availability of properly sized RPC's, proposed advanced electrical power systems cannot be designed.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Present work is limited to 270 vdc as an upper limit -RTOP 506-23-30 Power Processing and Distribution Technology.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY		76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
SCHEDULE ITEM																					
TASK ITEM																					
R&D Program for																					
100kw RPC's					R				0												
1mw RPC's														R				0			
10mw RPC's																				R	
MANPOWER (M-Y)																					
INHOUSE		2		4					6					10							
CONTRACT																					
FUNDING (10 ⁶ \$)																					
INHOUSE		.01				.15							.2					.1			
CONTRACT		.04	.2	.3			.4				.6				.3		.2	.1			

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Power Processing, Distr., and Cont.,
Long Life, High Performance Power Processing
for Planetary Applications

NO. 10,11 P-2/PP-6
 THEME / W.G. / TASK
 DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Develop and demonstrate advanced power processing and distribution tech-
nology for future planetary programs to achieve 10 year lifetimes, high
efficiency, reliability and transient and failure immunity.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 4 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT -- SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY [DATE: 1982]
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐
 GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☒ Development (Check one or more)
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes; RTOP 506-23-33; FY'76; \$435K; to be expanded

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY None5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

- 0 Develops modular, active redundant regulators and inverters for operation
with solar arrays and RTGS.
 0 Develops battery charge electronics to regulate charge and discharge,
and monitor, control, and protect spacecraft batteries for long-life
planetary missions.
 0 Develops new design and analysis techniques at the component, circuit,
and system levels.
 0 Modular designs allow for power growth, processing of high power quantities,
and scaling to a wide variety of voltage levels for 100 KW applications and
nuclear power systems processors.

ORIGINAL PAGE IN
 ON BOARD QUALITY

1. COMPONENT OF SPACECRAFT SYSTEM IN RELEVANT
 ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 5. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. CONCEPTUAL MODEL
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
 OF STATE
 OF ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Power Processing, Distribution & Control: NO. 12, 7, 11 P-2 PP-7
Power Transfer Across Rotating Joints THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE
Improve the technology of transferring power across a rotating joint
from the solar array to the spacecraft.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL ☐ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1987
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒
 OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes (new initiative)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
 USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY Power distribution, power conditioning and
high voltage systems

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Liquid metal slip rings offer a potential advancement in reducing noise,
power loss, friction and in extending life.

1. IMPULSION OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT
 ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 2. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 3. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
 MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
 OF STATE
 OF ART

5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART
1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Power Processing, Distribution & Control:

NO. 1,7,8,9,10,11,12 / P-2 / PP-8
THEME / W.G. / TASK

Multi-KW Distribution System Technology

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

To demonstrate the technology readiness at high voltage DC power distribution system through use at a lab simulator

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW 4, WILL BE LEVEL 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1979

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐

GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐

OTHER (Specify) ☐

(Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes 506-23-34 R&D - 65.2K, IMS 4.8K

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

To demonstrate technology readiness and performance advantages of high voltage DC distribution and control systems for large vehicles.
Additional objectives are to evaluate the merits of solid state switchgear and multiplexed computer controlled supervision and control methods in conjunction with HVDC distribution.

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Power Processing, Distribution and Control:
Multi-KW Distribution System Technology

NO. 1, 7-12 / P-2 / PP-8
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28/ 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

The Power Processing, Distribution and Control Study which was completed in late 1972 concluded that future multi-Kw power distribution systems should use voltages in excess of 100V dc, employ multiplexed digital supervision and control methods, and solid state controls. This effort has been initiated to implement this approach.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS High voltage distribution is
essential for the specified high power requirements.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

This relates to other proposed high voltage - high power proposed power components.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Thermal to Electrical Conversion:

NO. 10/p-2/TE-1

Thermoelectric Systems

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Provide, data base on thermoelectrics for NASA, provide power degradation models for isotope thermoelectric system, provide techniques for integrating isotope power with spacecraft.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☐, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ UNDER EXISTING PLANS. N/Ab) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☐ FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY [DATE: ☐] N/A

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐ GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐OTHER (Specify) ☒ technology development (Check one or more)

f) R&E BASE CANDIDATE Yes, FY 76: 506-23-43 \$286K

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Develop radiation control technology for S/C.

Evaluate selenide thermoelectrics.

Develop high-performance thermoelectrics.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE THERMAL TO ELECTRICAL CONVERSION:
THERMOELECTRIC SYSTEMS

NO. 10/P-2/TE-1
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- 1) Instrument response to radiation environment
- 2) Radiation software development
- 3) Selenide Evaluation
- 4) High Performance T/E Material Dev.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Thermal to Electrical:
High Temperature Brayton Power Conversion

NO. 1,7,8,10,12/P-2/ TE-2
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Acquire the technology for cost-effective, long-life, high-turbine-inlet-temperature Brayton conversion of heat from various energy sources to electric power for use in a variety of applications

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 3 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1995
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)
- f) RNT BASE CANDIDATE Yes: NEW START

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY (a) material selection and evaluation, (b) liquid-metal heat-pipe development, (c) solar concentrator development, (d) reactor development

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Demonstrate Brayton capabilities for turbine-inlet temperatures of 1500K to 1600K with 10-year expected lifetimes by 1985 and 20-year expected lifetimes by 1990.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
 OF POOR QUALITY

1. COMPONENT OF RESEARCH AND TESTS IN RELATION
 2. ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 3. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 4. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BACKGROUND OF RESEARCH AND RESEARCH
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE EXPERIMENT
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT ON
 4. MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 5. PERTINENT FUNCTION OF CHARACTERISTICS DESCRIBED

1. STATE
 2. PART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Thermal to Electrical:

High Temperature Brayton Power Conversion

NO. 1,7,8,10,12/P-2 /TE-2
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- (a) high temperature blade and nozzle development
- (b) bearing and mechanical design/development
- (c) thermodynamic analysis
- (d) rotating unit fabrication and test
- (e) system design

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

Thermionic power conversion

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

None

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY		76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
SCHEDULE ITEM																					
TASK ITEM																					
blades and nozzles								▽													
bearings									▽												
mechanical design								▽													
thermodynamics								▽													
rotating unit									▽												
system design										▽											
prototype											▽										
MANPOWER (M-Y)																					
INHOUSE				3	4	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12								
CONTRACT																					
FUNDING (10 ⁶ \$)																					
INHOUSE				.5	.5	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2							
CONTRACT				.5	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2							

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE THERMAL TO ELECTRICAL: NO 7,8,10,12/P-2/TE-3
PROTOTYPIC NUCLEAR THERMIONIC THEME / W.G. / TASK
SPACE POWER MODULE DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

ACCOMPLISH THE DESIGN AND ELECTRICALLY HEATED
 DEMONSTRATION OF A NUCLEAR-THERMIONIC-SYSTEM MODULE FOR A
 HEAT-PIPE-COOLED FAST REACTOR.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 4, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 4 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE 1990 (EARLIEST)
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)

f) BRT BASE CANDIDATE YES: 506-24-23 (\$400K)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

- A) HEAT-PIPE-RADIATOR DEVELOPMENT,
 B) HEAT-PIPE-COOLED NUCLEAR-FUEL ELEMENT IN-PILE EVALUATION
 C) COMPONENT FAILURE-MODE ASSESSMENT, D) NEUTRON-SHIELDING
 DEVELOPMENT, E) HIGH-PERFORMANCE THERMIONIC CONVERSION

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

DEMONSTRATE SATISFACTORY STEADY-STATE AND TRANSIENT BEHAVIOR
 AND PERFORM RELIABILITY ANALYSES FOR AN EXTRAPOLATED SPECIFIC
 MASS OF 20 KG/KWE AND A LIFETIME OF 2 YEARS AT A SIMULATED
 POWER LEVEL OF 500 KWE.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
 OF POOR QUALITY

1. TECHNOLOGY NEED IDENTIFICATION
 2. TECHNOLOGY NEED IDENTIFICATION
 3. TECHNOLOGY NEED IDENTIFICATION
 4. TECHNOLOGY NEED IDENTIFICATION

1. TECHNOLOGY NEED IDENTIFICATION
 2. TECHNOLOGY NEED IDENTIFICATION
 3. TECHNOLOGY NEED IDENTIFICATION
 4. TECHNOLOGY NEED IDENTIFICATION

STATE
 OF

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Prototypic Nuclear Thermionic Space Power
Module

NO. 7,8,10,12/P-2/TE-3
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

(a) Transfer technology from system R&T programs, (b) Provide a preliminary power subsystem design and experimental component development and qualification tests, (c) Fabricate and integrate a 5-heat-pipe system module for electrically-heated demonstration of performance before completion and release of engineering model design.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

None available

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

R&T Base Programs:

(a) High-Performance Thermionic Conversion (RTOP 506-24-21)

(b) Thermionic Systems Technology (RTOP 506-24-23)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

1. TITLE THERMAL TO ELECTRICAL:NO 1,7,8,9,10,11,12/P-2/
THEME / W.G. / TASK TE-4THERMOPHOTOVOLTAIC POWERCONVERSION TECHNOLOGYDATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE EVALUATE THE FEASIBILITY OF OBTAINING EFFICIENCIES
APPROACHING 30% IN THE CONVERSION OF SOLAR ENERGY THE
DESCRIBED SPECIALIZED APPLICATION OF PHOTOVOLTAICS.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW [2], WILL BE LEVEL [4] UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT -- SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL [4] FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY [DATE: 1979]
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE YES

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
 USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY LIGHT WEIGHT CONCENTRATORS

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
 ACCOMPLISH NEED

THE SUN'S ENERGY IS FOCUSED UPON A BODY, HEATING IT TO
APPROXIMATELY 30000K. AT THIS TEMPERATURE, THE BLACKBODY
RADIATION THAT IS EMITTED MORE NEARLY MATCHES THE RESPONSE OF
A SOLAR CELL. CELLS COVER THE INSIDE OF A SURFACE WHICH
ENCLOSES THE HEATED BODY. THE BLACKBODY RADIATION, EXCEPT FOR
THE LONG WAVE LENGTHS, IS ABSORBED BY THE SOLAR CELLS
CONVERTING PART OF IT INTO ELECTRICAL ENERGY. THE LONG WAVE
LENGTHS ARE TRANSMITTED THROUGH THE CELLS AND REFLECTED BY
THE REAR SURFACE BACK ONTO THE HEATED BODY, WHERE IT IS
ABSORBED AND USED TO HELP MAINTAIN THE 30000 TEMPERATURE.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
 OF POOR QUALITY

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Thermal to Electrical:
High-Performance Thermionic Conversion

NO. 1, 7, 8, 10, 12/P-2/TE-5
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26/76

2. OBJECTIVE

Acquire the technology for economical, durable, high-efficiency thermionic conversion of heat from various energy sources to electric power for use in a variety of applications.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1995 to 2000
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
 OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: 506-24-21 (\$631K)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY (a) material selection and evaluation,

(b) liquid-metal heat-pipe development, (c) solar concentrator development, (d) reactor development

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Achieve converter efficiencies of 30 percent or greater with 10-year expected lifetimes by 1985 and 20-year expected lifetimes by 1990.

5. COMPONENT OR BREAKDOWN TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. FACTS, OBSERVATIONS, AND RESEARCH
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
 OF STATE
 OF ART

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
 OF POOR QUALITY

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Thermal to Electrical:
High-Performance Thermionic Conversion

NOI.78.10.12/P-2/ TE-5
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Provide the technology to produce better emitters, collectors, and ion generators through coordinated contract, grant, and in-house theoretic and experimental studies (NASA Thermionic-Energy-Conversion (TEC) Applied-Research and-Technology (ART) Program). With the resulting reduced electrode work-functions, electron reflections, and interelectrode losses demonstrate more efficient thermionic converts. The acquired TEC-ART information will allow designs of more effective space power systems

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS Possibility of high-temperature Brayton
(new start)

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

~~506-24-31, 506-16-31, 504-24-22~~

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Thermal to Electrical:NO. 1,7,8,10, 11,12, P-2/TE-6
THEME / W.G. / TASKLight-Weight, Radiation ResistantSolar ConcentratorDATE 4 /26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Achieve concentration ratios greater than 10^3 with configuration stabilities appropriate for pointing accuracies of 0.1 degree utilizing light-weight construction and nondegrading surfaces.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 1, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 2 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1990

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: New start4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY (a) advanced steering capability, (b) high-
temperature-receiver development5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

Acquire the technology necessary for solar concentrators with weights less than 1 kg/m^2 to produce receiver temperatures of 1600 K to 1800 K without significant degradation from 11-to-37 Mev protons with a fluence of $3 \times 10^{18} / \text{cm}^2$.

**ORIGINAL PAGE IN
FOR QUALITY**5. COMPONENT OR DRAWDING TESTED IN RELEVANT
ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATEDLEVEL
OF STATE
OF ART

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2
1, 7, 8, 10, 11,
NO. 12, P-2/TE-6
THEME / W.G. / TASK

1, 7, 8, 10, 11,
NO. 12, P-2/TE-6
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 27 / 76

(a) light weight substrate development

(b) compatible reflective surface coatings

(c) protective cover materials

(d) irradiation test, documentation

(e) high temperature receive development

None Available

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible][illegible]

5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY

6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT

7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

PAGE 1 OF 2

NO. 1,7,8,10,12/P-2/TE-7
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

Establish materials, designs, and processing for efficient, durable, economical heat pipes for space applications involving transport of high thermal power densities at intermediate and high operating temperatures.

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 4 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: 506-16-31 (\$400)

(a) Materials compatibilities.

(b) Materials with high static and dynamic strengths or high temperatures.

Achieve thermal power densities greater than 10 W/cm^2 for intermediate temperatures and lifetimes greater than 10 years by 1985 and 20 years by 1990 for high temperatures.

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Thermal to Electrical:

Heat Pipes with High Thermal Power Densities

NO. 1,7,8,10,12/P-2/TE-7

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 /28 /76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Screen compatibilities, evaluate performances, and determine lifetimes for selected heat-pipe-fluid, wick, and envelope materials; designs; processing; and operating conditions. Use these results to propose and specify high-power-density heat pipes for space applications in the intermediate- and high-temperature operating ranges.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS Conventional heat-transfer methods

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER;
506-16-31, 506-24-21, 506-24-31)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Thermal to Electrical:NO. 1, 7, 8 / P-2 / TE-9
THEME / W.G. / TASKGas-Core-Reactor Energy ConversionDATE 4 / 27 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Utilize the very high temperatures of fissioning plasma cores in nuclear reactors to provide multimegawatt power economically and with low weights.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☐ 0, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ 1 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY

AT LEVEL ☐ 3 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY [DATE: 2000]

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐OTHER (Specify) ☐

(Check one or more)

f) NOT BASE CANDIDATE Yes : RTOP 506-24-11

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY (a) Separation capabilities (buffer gas and fission products from fuel, (b) high-temperature working-fluid containment, (c) gas-core-reactor technology.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Determine the technology required to utilize the very high reactor-plasma temperatures in obtaining higher-than-conventional energy-conversion efficiencies.

For example an MHD generator operates with fluid temperatures much higher than those for many other converters. So MHD might operate on the partially recycled reactor fluid. And conversion cascading (such as MHD with thermionics and perhaps Brayton) might serve well. Or special energy converters (like very high energy-coherent electromagnetic-beam generators) might be developed.

In any event the advancement required is the establishment of appropriate energy-conversion technology for the gas-core-reactor.

ORIGINAL PAGE IN
OF POOR QUALITY

5. COMPONENT OR SUBASSEMBLY TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PERFORMANCE
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Thermal to Electric: Gas - Core-
Reactor Energy Conversion

NO. 1,7, 8./P-2/TE-9
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED
- (a) Power conversion concepts in temperature regimes above 5000°K.
 - (b) Cycle temperature/efficiency trade-offs.
 - (c) Topping and bottoming cycle criteria.
 - (d) Power conversion system definition studies.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

Solid-core reactor energy conversion

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)
None

None

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible][illegible]

5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
 PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE THERMAL TO ELECTRICAL: SOLAR FURNACES FOR SPACE APPLICATIONS NO. 1, 8/P-2/TE-10
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Provide the technology necessary for effective utilization of solar furnaces for materials processing and manufacturing in space.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 3 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1995
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒
 OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: New Start

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY a) Large-structures stabilization and pointing.
 b) lightweight, long-life, high-temperature thermal insulation, c) high-concentration-ratio solar collectors.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Attain temperatures near 5000K with durable, economical solar furnaces in space: Critical elements are light-weight, long-life, high-concentration-ratio solar collectors; precise pointing capabilities with space-effective structures; and furnace cavities with high radiation reception and retention. Processing will involve at least photochemistry, mass spectroscopy, mineral separation, vapor deposition and ion implementation with particular adaptations for metal refining and fissionable materials.

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE THERMAL TO ELECTRICAL: SOLAR FURNACES FOR
SPACE APPLICATIONS

NO. 1, 7, 8 / P-2/TE-10
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Select from the solar-concentrator technology base highly reflective, radiation resistant materials and structures suitable for precise, stable contours and pointing. Use furnace designs with high radiation reception and retention capabilities. Design, fabricate, and evaluate a scalable model and provide scale-up plans.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

Furnance utilizing a gas-core

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Solar-concentrator technology base.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible]

MANPOWER (M-Y)						
INHOUSE			4	4	4	4
CONTRACT						
FUNDING (10^6 \$)						
INHOUSE			0.20	20.40	50.20	2
CONTRACT			0.20	30.81	60.50	5

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE THERMAL TO ELECTRICAL: NUCLEAR FUELS
AND BREEDER STOCKS FROM LUNAR SOILNO. 1,7,8/ P-2/TE-11
THEME / W.G. / TASKDATE 4 / 29 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Investigate lunar uranium and thorium material phases
and availability, and determine practical methods for in-
situ processing and/or separation for fuel production.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 1, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 2 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 2000

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: New Start4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

- (1) Quantify, categorize raw materials and regoliths.
- (2) Evaluate alternate methods of mineral separation, such
as vaporization, mass spectroscopy, photochemistry, etc.
- (3) Provide a test demonstration of the preferred separation,
processing method and establish a preliminary functional
specification for the lunar base system.

5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT
ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATEDLEVEL
OF STATE
OF ART

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE THERMAL TO ELECTRICAL: NUCLEAR FUELS AND
BREEDER STOCKS FROM LUNAR SOIL

NO. 1,7, 8/ P-2/TE-11
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- (a) Lunar soils survey
- (b) Materials evaluation, categorization
- (c) Processing analysis
- (d) Test demonstration
- (e) Prepare functional specifications

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS None

None

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Other lunar materials studies

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE TRANSMISSION ; MICROWAVE Transmission NO. 07/ P2/TX-1
THEME / W.G. / TASKDATE 4 / 29 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

PROVIDE A TRANSMISSION MEDIUM FOR THE TRANSFER OF
POWER BY USE OF MICROWAVE TRANSMITTER (MPTX) AND A RECEIVER/
CONVERTER (REC-TENNA)

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 4, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY [DATE: 1985]
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☒ TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE NEW INITIATIVE CANDIDATE FY'78

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY HIGH POWER "CW" TRANSMITTER FOR RF
(MICROWAVE, I.E., "S" BAND) AND COMPLIMENTARY RECEIVING
CONVERTER.5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

- 1) REQUIRE MEGAWATTS PLUS HARDWARE CAPABILITY TO GENERATE,
TRANSFER TO ANTENNA, ANTENNA HARDWARE (BEAMFORMING),
— STABILIZING STRUCTURE FOR ORIGINATION OF RF POWER.
- 2) REQUIRE STUDY FOR UNDERSTANDING NATURE OF SUPER POWER
— ELECTROMAGNETIC ("S" BAND) PROPAGATION PATH NORMAL TO
EARTH (!) ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS, ENERGY SCATTER EFFECTS,
EMI CAPABILITY.
- 3) REQUIRE RECEIVER/CONVERTER HARDWARE DEVELOPMENT FOR CAPTURE
AND CONVERSION OF RF ENERGY AT RECEIVING STATION.

1. STATE OF SPACE TECHNOLOGY IN RESEARCH
2. THEORY TO BE TESTED IN THE LABORATORY
3. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
4. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. STATE OF SPACE TECHNOLOGY IN RESEARCH
2. THEORY TO BE TESTED IN THE LABORATORY
3. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT OR
INTERMEDIATE MODEL
4. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. STATE
2. THEORY TO BE TESTED IN THE LABORATORY
3. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT OR
INTERMEDIATE MODEL
4. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2TITLE TRANSMISSION: MICROWAVE TRANSMISSIONNO. 07/P-2/Tx-1

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

A. Develop a standard subarray module for CW S-BandB. Determine pilot beam steered, retrodirective array beam efficiency, pointing accuracy, starting transient, side lobe level and RFI measurements on a space based, flexible surface, phased array antenna.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

		FY																			
SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	
TASK ITEM																					
1. Study phase			△	▽																	
2. Preproj. phase				△	—	▽															
3. Design Fab.						△	—	▽													
4. Orbital Check																					

MANPOWER (M Y)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT

12 15 17 25 35

FUNDING (10⁶ \$)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT

1.5 2.0 2.0 2.5 5.0

5. COMPONENT OR BREAKDOWN TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
OF STATE
OF ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Transmission: Laser Power Converter

NO. 07 / P-2 / TX-2
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 29 / 1976

2. OBJECTIVE

Provide efficient means to receive and convert laser radiation (5μM) to electrical power

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW 2, WILL BE LEVEL 3 UNDER EXISTING STANDARDS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1978

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒
OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY Laser Power Transmitter

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- Development of thermal or resonant absorption heat engines with high efficiency potential for converting laser beams to electrical energy.

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Transmission: Laser Power Transmitter NO. 07 / P-2/TX-3
 THEME / W.G. / TASK
 DATE 4 / 29 / 1976

2. OBJECTIVE Provide high power laser transmitter for use in space

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 4, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
 AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1987
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
 ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒
 OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
 USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY Laser power converter, laser propulsion,
Large power systems for space.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- o 60% efficient, closed-cycle, electrodynamic CO laser designed
and qualified for space usage.
 o 30-meter objective optical system qualified for directing laser
beam with 10^{-7} radian accuracy

5. COMPONENT OR BREAKDOWN TESTED IN RELEVANT
 ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

LEVEL
 OF STATE
 OF ART
 1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
 MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2TITLE ELECTROCHEMICAL CONVERSION
LIGHT-WEIGHT FUEL CELLNO. 1, 7, 8, 12/P-2/ECC 1
THEME / W.G. / TASKDATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

This is an on-going task and the approach is to design, fabricate, test
components and modules, and demonstrate the complete power plant operation
using propellant grade reactants. It is a coordinated program between
LeRC and MSFC. The plan is to develop a modular system.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS There is no alternate for some of the
specified requirements especially for some Space Transportation Systems.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE ITEM	FY	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM																					
Single Cell Des.		▲	▼																		
2 Cell Module Design		▲	▼	▲	▼																
Multi-Cell Stack Design				▲	▼	▲	▼														
Power Plant Des.		▲	▼	▲	▼	▲	▼														
Power Plant Fab.					▲	▼	▲	▼													
Power Plant Test							▲	▼	▲	▼											
Tech. Ready									R												
Operational Use											O										

MANPOWER (M-Y)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT

3 2 2 2 2 2

FUNDING (10⁶ \$)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT.01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01
.25 .25 .25 .25 .25 .1

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SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 3

1. TITLE Power Systems - Automated Power Systems
Management (APSM)

NO. 10, 7, 8, 9 / p-2/s-2
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

To develop power systems capable of automatically performing monitoring, computational, command, control, and self-test and repair functions.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 4, UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1983
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☒ development (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes; RTOP 506-23-35; FY 76 = \$72K

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY none

5. SPECIAL TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

- Evaluate the mission sets to determine the degree of required automation.
- Develop APSM for each type of power system.
- Requires hardware and software.
- APSM unique hardware includes many monitors (that is, sensors), analog-to-digital conversion equipment, microprocessor based computers. Of these, the major development item are the sensors which should be small, low-loss devices since many will be needed: sensors are the major hardware challenge.
- The major design challenge is to provide APSM which will operate hardware efficiently, achieve long-life and reliability for the power system, and permit autonomous spacecraft operation.

1. CONCEPT OF DESIGN/CONCEPT TESTED IN RELEVANT
ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
2. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
3. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. DESIGN OF SPACECRAFT/RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE FUNCTION
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT ON
NATURAL/ARTIFICIAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OF CHARACTERISTICS DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 2 OF 3

TITLE

Power Systems

NO. L 10 / P-2 / S-2

Automated Power Systems

THEME / W.G. / TASK

Management (APSM) - Planetary

DATE 4 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- Develop APSM for planetary exploration missions
- Perform in two major phases: 1st achieves technology readiness by FY 81 for 1980's missions; and phase 2 for 1990's for automated study facilities of theme 10
- Develops advanced sensors for power system monitoring, develops sensor system, computer software and synthesizes systems including these with power hardware, data processing, and microprocessor-based computer.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

NONE. Automated capability is needed

for all planetary missions due to long communication and reaction times which preclude ground control.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

- On-going RTOP 506-23-35 covers 1st phase
- Expansion for phase two is needed

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

	FY																			
SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM																				
Phase 1																				
Concept Def.	Δ	▽																		
Design		Δ	▽																	
Development			Δ	▽																
Test & Eval.				Δ	▽	R			▽	O										
Phase 2: Concepts						Δ	▽													
Des. & Dev.								Δ				▽								
Test & Eval.													Δ	▽	○					▽
MANPOWER (M-Y)																				
INHOUSE	.3	2	2.5	3	3.5	2.2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CONTRACT																				
FUNDING (10 ⁶ \$)																				
INHOUSE	.1	.2	.2	.3	.3	.2	.1	.1	.2	.3	.4	.4	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2
CONTRACT	.1	.2	.3	.3	.1	0	0	.1	.5	.5	.5	.5	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 3 OF 3

TITLE Power Systems:
Automated Power Systems Management
for Earth Orbital Missions

NO. 7, 8, 11 P-2 S-2
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4/27/76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- o Develop advanced automated system management concepts
- o Establish technology readiness by 1980
- o Develop necessary sensors for system monitoring including computer software, data processing, etc.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS Automated capability is needed for all earth orbital missions.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

506-23-35 However, expansion is required to include earth orbital missions.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible][illegible]

5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Power Systems (new initiative) NO. 1, 10/P-2/S-4
Advanced Power Systems Technology THEME / W.G. / TASK
DATE 4 / 28 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE
Achieve technology readiness of power systems for Solar Exploration missions.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW 3, WILL BE LEVEL 3 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 10-1-79
c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☒ Development (Check one or more)
f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE FY76=0, FY77 overguideline RTOP; will be New Initiative for FY78 start.

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY (1) High temperature solar arrays, PCl and
(2) improved rechargeable batteries having higher WHR/KG, e.g. ES 1,2,3 and improved nickel-hydrogen batteries.

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- Provides high temperature, light-weight power sources (e.g. solar thermoelectric generators and gallium-arsenide solar cells) for Mercury inter mission spacecraft which will be exposed to extremely high thermal loading due to sun and planet influence. Also must provide lightweight high watts/KG power system to minimize mass to be injected into orbit. System concepts studied and trade offs done.
- Develops power system technology for solar exploration facilities needed starting 1990. Includes concept work, planning, and development of advanced sources, energy storage, power processing, and advanced systems for 10 - 25 year applications in planetary environments at power levels of 1 watt to 1 megawatt.

TITLE Power Systems

NO. 1,10/P-2/S-4

Advanced Power Systems Technology

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- Broad Goal: Power system definition (concept design) + hardware technology readiness for solar exploration theme 10.
- Phase I: PS for Mercury Orbiter Mission Launch early 80's. Define requirements, trade-off competing sources, identify hardware needed and develop hardware.
- Phase II: Develop sources, energy storage, power systems concepts for inner and outer planet study facilities.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS None. These missions need advanced systems approaches, sources, energy storage, and power processing systems.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

On-Going = None

- Proposed overguideline RTOP for FY TR/77 start for Phase I. Need additional program for Phase II.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM																				
Phase I																				
• Long Range Plan																				
• PS Definition																				
• STG Development																				
• PS Concept Defined																				
Phase II																				
• PS Concept Def																				
• Device Development																				

MANPOWER (M-Y)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT

0 1 4 4 1 2 3 4 4 4 0

FUNDING (10⁶ \$)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT0 .1 .5 .5 .1 .5 1 1 1 1 0
0 .1 .5 .5 .1 1 2 2 2 1 0

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Power Systems - Power System
Generation and Distribution Bus Voltage
Technology

NO. 1, 7-12/p-2/s-5
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

To select the voltage level(s) at which power will be generated and distributed to users in high-power, greater than 100 kw.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 3 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT -- SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1990

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐

GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐

OTHER (Specify) ☒ technology development (Check one or more)

f) RNT BASE CANDIDATE Yes. New initiative candidate.

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY None

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OF POOR QUALITY

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- High-power systems (above 100 kw) should be designed to operate at high voltages to achieve low current levels and avoid high copper losses and minimize the current handling capacity of power processing hardware.
- Perform system studies to determine acceptable voltage levels to minimize inefficiency and hardware design impact. For example, should solar arrays develop the voltage directly, should regulation be performed at the array, and over what range of voltage can regulators, invertors, etc., operate safely and efficiently?
- Answers will be via analyses and hardware development and test.

1. CONCEPT OF TECHNOLOGY TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 2. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 3. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. DATA ANALYSIS, MODEL TEST, AND MODEL CORRELATION
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERFORMED FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART

C-2

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Power SystemsNO. 1,7-12/P-2/S-5Power System Generation and Distribution Bus

THEME /W.G./ TASK

Voltage TechnologyDATE 4 /28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- o Definition of user power, voltage, current needs for S/C exceeding 100 Kw.
- o Trade-off of voltage and current levels used at source, power conversion and processing, and distribution functions. Study to select optimum system and hardware approach for each function.
- o Selected hardware development and test to verify approach.
- o Develop standard specifications for high power systems.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS None. High-current, high-power systems are inefficient and probably unworkable.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

None. Plan below for R&T base to support MSPP, Global service, solar exploration operational need dates.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

	FY																			
SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM																				
Requirements Def				▲	—	▼			▲	▼										
Trade-off studies					▲	▼			▲	—	▼									
Selections made						▼					▼									
Selected design						▲	▼				▲	—	▼							
Hardware fab/test							▲	▼	K'				▲	▼	K'					
Specs complete								▼						▼						
			</																	

100KW to 1 MW

1MW to 10 MW

MANPOWER (M-Y)	0	0	0	1.5	2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	3						
INHOUSE																				
CONTRACT																				
FUNDING (10 ⁶ \$)				.1	.2	.2	.3	.5	.1	.2	.2	.5	.8	.5						
INHOUSE																				
CONTRACT							.1	.2	0			.2	.4	.2						

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE POWER SYSTEMS: (New Initiative)

NO. 1 - 12/p-2/S-6

Project Oasis

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 26 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Determine the need, feasibility, and configuration of a long-life orbiting electrical power utility station for multimission space application.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☐ 1, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ 1 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☐ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1985
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☒
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☒ Hardware demonstration (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes - FY 78 New Initiative

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

All other p-2 submissions

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Present and planned space power concepts require expensive and repetitive costs in development, launch weight, and energy limitations. The proposed new initiative would reduce or eliminate these costs and development penalties. It is clear that late 1980's and beyond power needs will increase well beyond present technology capabilities.

6. CONCEPT OR DESIGN CONCEPT TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
7. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
8. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. LABORATORY TESTS CONDUCTED A. 1. LABORATORY
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
4. MATHEMATICAL MODEL
5. TESTED IN FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Power SystemsNO. 1,7,8,9,10
11,12 P-2/S-7
THEME / W.G. / TASKAutomated Test Techniques and TechnologyDATE 4 / 27 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Automated test techniques and technology for advanced planetary power systems.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 4 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1980
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐
OTHER (Specify) ☒ Development (Check one or more)
- f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes; RTOP 506-23-33; FY'76=65K; to be expanded

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY This technology to be applied to multi-redundant
advanced power processors (RTOP 506-23-33) and Automated Power Systems
Management (RTOP 506-23-35).

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- 0 Present program develops computer oriented test set for multi-redundant
planetary power processing in development.
- 0 Expanded effort would develop automated test techniques for Automated Power
Systems checkout and test during flight project activities.
- 0 Develops automated test technology and equipment for in-orbit checkout of
on-board spacecraft power systems prior to release from shuttle or ASTS
(expanded effort).
- 0 Expanded effort to develop high power, high voltage power source simulators
for solar electric missions.

5. COMPONENT OR BREAKDOWN TESTED IN RELEVANT
ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. DATA PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
OF STATE
OF ART

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Power Systems - Automated Test Techniques
and Technology

1,6,7,8,9,10
NO. 11, 12/P-2/S-7

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- o The computer oriented test set (CTS) will be based on a small, general purpose computer and appropriate peripherals. A variety of systems can be tested with minimum changes.
 - o The expanded effort to test the APSM function will use the ongoing effort as a baseline with additional technology developed as required.
 - o A fully automated test capability will be developed for the in-orbit check-out of power subsystem. It will be designed to be simple, light, sufficiently rugged, and operate reliably in a launch and zero gravity environment.
 - o A modular approach to developing high power and high voltage power source simulators (up to 1 MW, and up to 1000V) will be employed.
7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

No other reasonable alternatives exist.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Related to RTOP 506-23-33 and RTOP 506-23-35. Ongoing effort is indicated below, as well as an expanded effort.

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM																				
CTS for Ongoing Effort					▽ R					O										
CTS for Expanded APSM Effort			△		▽ R	R				O			(Low Earth Orbit)							
In-Orbit Checkout of Onboard Power Subsystems (Expanded Effort)			△		▽ R					O	▽		D(Geo-Synchronous)							
Power Source Simulators (Expanded Effort)			△		▽ R				▽ R	O			D(Geo-Synchronous)							
			△		▽ R					O			(Low Earth)							
			△		▽ R				▽ R				D(Geo-Synchronous)							

[illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Power Systems: Large Power System for
Lunar Base

NO. 1, 8/P-2/S-8
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Establish the feasibility of a combined nuclear base load and solar
swing load power system to support a 6-to-12-man lunar base operation for
an extended time period.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☐ 1, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ 1 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☐ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1993

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒

GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐

OTHER (Specify) ☐

(Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: New Start

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY

a) lunar-surface construction capability, b)
lunar-surface environment evaluation, c) cargo OTV developed for large
PL to lunar orbit, d) emergency personnel vehicle

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Prove the capability for lunar-surface deployment of multihundred kW
solar-array modules designed to operate in conjunction with a 500 kW_e
nuclear thermionic power subsystem. Define the power processing
technology required for lunar base operations, mining, materials
processing, and fabrication.

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART

1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED

2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA

3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL

4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY

6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT

7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2TITLE Power Systems: Large Power System for
Lunar BaseNO. 1.8/P-2/S-8
THEME / W.G. / TASKDATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- a. Power requirements estimates (solar and nuclear)
- b. User requirements definition
- c. Conceptual design
- d. Lunar surface installation detail
- e. Multi-hundred KWE module design (solar and nuclear)
- f. Solar/Nuclear system integration studies

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

NONE

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Space solar and nuclear systems technology

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

	FY																			
SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM																				
Requirements																				
Concept Design																				
Instal. Detail																				
Solar Module Design																				
Nuclear Mod. Design																				
Sys. Integration Study																				

MANPOWER (M-Y)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT

2 4 6 6 6 6 6

FUNDING (10⁶ \$)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT.2 .4 .8 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
.1 .2 .4 .5 .5 .5 .5

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE ENVIRONMENTAL INTERACTIONS:NO. 7,8,11/P-2/EI-1
THEME / W.G. / TASKMEGAWATT POWER SYSTEM INTERACTIONEXPERIMENT - NEW INITIATIVE - MID-80'sDATE 4 / 29 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

TO DETERMINE THE SPACE PLASMA INTERACTIONS WITH THE
VERY LARGE SOLAR POWER SYSTEMS PROPOSED FOR THE 90's. THIS
WILL BE A SPACE FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM INCORPORATING THE TECHNOLOGY
FOR THESE POWER SYSTEMS.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☐, WILL BE LEVEL ☐ UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
- b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☐ FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1989
- c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
- e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒
OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)

f) RBT BASE CANDIDATE NEW INITIATIVE IN MID-80's

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
 USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY HIGH VOLTAGE-HIGH POWER TECHNOLOGY,
ENVIRONMENTAL INTERACTION, POWER TRANSMISSION

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- ☐ UTILIZE SPHINX B/C PROGRAM RESULTS.
- ☐ DEVELOP MODEL FOR SCALING TO LARGE SIZE AND LARGE POWERS
- ☐ DEVELOP PROGRAM TO INCORPORATE THE HIGH POWER TECHNOLOGY INTO FLIGHT TEST.
- ☐ BUILD AND FLY MISSION.

5. COMPONENT OR DREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC FUNCTION OBSERVED AND REPORTED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL OF STATE OF THE ART

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Environmental Interactions: NO. 7,8,11 /P-2/EI-1
Megawatt Power System Interaction THEME / W.G. / TASK
Experiment DATE 04 / 29 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Conduct flight test program to determine the extent of the interactions between the space environment and the large surfaces of the megawatt power systems proposed for space systems. These interactions will include the environmental charging interaction as well as the high voltage-space plasma interactions. The data will be used to provide the criteria for designing these systems.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

Restrict operating voltage levels
of these systems.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Environmental Charging of Spacecraft Surfaces (RTOP 506-23-36); Integrally Regulated Solar Array (RTOP 506-23-30); SPHINX - new initiative,
Space Plasma-High Voltage Interaction Study - New Initiative

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY		76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
SCHEDULE ITEM																					
TASK ITEM																					
• Project Start								▽													
• Design, Build & Qualify Spacecraft								△	—	▽											
• Mission												△	—	▽							
• Design Criteria															▽						
MANPOWER (M-Y)																					
INHOUSE									20	25	20	15	10	10	2						
CONTRACT																					
FUNDING (10 ⁶ \$)																					
INHOUSE									.6	.6	.6	.3	.2	.2	-						
CONTRACT									2.0	3.5	2.5	2.0	-	-	-						

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 1

1. TITLE ENVIRONMENTAL INTERACTIONS:
ENVIRONMENTAL CHARGING OF SURFACES

NO. 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12
 P-2/EI-2
 THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

To determine the effects of and means of controlling both the differential and absolute charging by the space environment of the exterior surfaces associated with large satellite systems.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

- a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 5 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.
 b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1983
 c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:
 HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐
 d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS. ENABLING ☒ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐
 e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐
 GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒
 OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)
 f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes (506-23-36 \$575K)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY Non-charging materials development

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO

ACCOMPLISH NEED 1. Develop model of interaction for large satellite system surfaces with the environment. 2. Determine charging characteristics and transients induced in systems by discharges as function of materials, size, and environmental conditions (Testing). 3. Determine means of controlling the charging. 4. Extend model from ground test conditions to space conditions. 5. Verify model with space flight. 6. Provide design guidelines for developing power systems for space applications.

5. COMPONENT OR DREADNAUGHT TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
 6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
 7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. THEORY FORMULATED AND DERIVED
 2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
 3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
 4. PERFORMANCE FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
 OF POOR QUALITY

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Environmental Interactions:
Environmental Charging of Surfaces

7,8,9,10
NO. 11,12/ P-2/EI-2
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 04 / 29 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Continue work being conducted under the existing charging investigation (RTOP 506-23-36). Extend investigation by developing models of the charging of large structures proposed for future power systems. Verify models by ground testing. Conduct flight testing to verify behavior in space environment.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS None.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Environmental Charging of Spacecraft Surface (RTOP 506-23-36); Megawatt
Power System Interaction Experiment (new initiative)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 1

ENVIRONMENTAL INTERACTIONS:

1. TITLE SPACE PLASMA-HIGH VOLTAGE

INTERACTION EXPERIMENT SATELLITES

SPHINX B/C (FY-78 New Initiative)

NO. 7,8,9,10,11,12/P-2 EF-3

THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Space flight program to accomplish: flight demonstration of a
qualifiable 8 cm ion thruster system for station-keeping
applications, obtain space data for design of high voltage
system and investigate charge control techniques

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 3 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY

AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1980

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR

ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐

GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒

OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE No

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY High voltage system technology

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

Project Start - October 1977

SPHINX B Review Complete - December 1977

SPHINX C Design Complete - October 1978

SPHINX B Assembled and Test Complete - March 1979

SPHINX C Engineering Model Assembled and Test Completed - 10/79

SPHINX C Protoflight Assembled & Test Completed - August 1980

Launch ready - December 1980

5. COMPONENT OR SUBSYSTEM TESTED IN RELEVANT
ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

1. BASIC THEORY OR CONCEPTS REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

LEVEL
OF STATE
OF ART

FORM NO. 1

TITLE Environmental Interactions:
Space Plasma-High Voltage Interaction
Experiment Satellites (SPHINX B/C)

7,8,9,10
NO 11,12 /P-2/EI-3
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 04 / 29 / 76

Two separate satellites will be designed to accomplish the program objectives. These satellites will be built, tested, qualified and flown on a two year mission in a highly elliptical orbit so that a wide range of plasma densities can be sampled. The flight results will be used to establish the engineering design information for high voltage-space plasma interactions and to provide the flight demonstration of a qualifiable 8-cm ion thruster.

ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS Restrict all large space power systems
to relatively low voltage

Integrally Regulated Solar Array (506-23-30)

[illegible][illegible]

5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART
1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Environmental Interactions:

NO. A11/P-2/EI-3A

Space Plasma-High Voltage Interaction

THEME / W.G. / TASK

Experiment Satellites (SPHINX B/C)

DATE 04 / 27 / 76

New Initiative F.Y. 77

2. OBJECTIVE

Spaceflight program to accomplish: Obtain space data for design of high voltage systems for space, investigate charge control techniques and demonstrate operation of qualifiable 8-cm ion thruster system.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 3 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 7 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 1979

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW ☐

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☐ ANALYSIS ☐ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☐ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☒

OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE No

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY High Voltage System Technology

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

A flight test program is required to provide data on the interactions between the space plasma and the surfaces biased to high voltage. This flight test will cover a broad range of voltages and be tested over a wide range of plasma densities.

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Environmental Interactions:
Space Plasma-High Voltage Interaction
Experiment Satellites (SPHINX B/C)

7,8,9,10
NO.11.12 /P-2/EI-3A
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 04/28/76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Two separable satellites will be designed to accomplish the program objectives. These satellites will be built, tested, qualified and flown on a two year mission in a highly elliptical orbit. The flight results will be used to establish the extent of the space plasma-high voltage surface interaction, to provide the initial design criteria and to provide the flight demonstration of a qualifiable station keeping/attitude control ion thruster.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS Restrict all large space power systems to low voltage levels so that interactions with environment are minimal or insulate from environment.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Environmental Charging of Spacecraft Surfaces (RTOP 506-23-36)

Integrally Regulated Solar Array (RTOP 506-23-36)

Space Plasma-High Voltage Interaction Study - New Initiative

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Environmental Interactions: Space Plasma-
High Voltage Interaction Study

NO. A11/P-2/EI-4
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 27 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

To determine the effects of and means of controlling the interactions
between the space environment and the surfaces biased by the space power
systems.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 3, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 3 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY
AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY DATE: 79

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☒d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☒ OR
ENHANCING: HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☐
GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐OTHER (Specify) ☐ (Check one or more)f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes (New Initiative)

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR
USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY High Voltage System Technology

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO
ACCOMPLISH NEED

- Develop model of the interaction between the plasma environment
and the charged surfaces.

- Verify model by testing.

- Extend model from ground test conditions to space.

5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT
ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

LEVEL
OF STATE
OF ART
1. BASIC PHENOMENA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR
MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2TITLE Environmental Interactions:
Space Plasma-High Voltage Interaction StudyNO. A11 /P-2/EI-4
THEME /W.G./ TASKDATE 04 /26 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Conduct analytical and experimental study to develop and verify model of high voltage surface-space plasma interactions for the range of voltages and orbital conditions proposed for space power systems in the early 80's. Flight data will be used in this study to extend model to large, megawatt space power systems of the 90's.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

Restrict All Space Power Systems
Operations to Relatively Low Voltages.

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

Environmental Charging of Spacecraft Surfaces (RTOP 506-23-36)

Integrally Regulated Solar Array (RTOP 506-23-30)

Space Plasma-High Voltage Interaction Experiment Satellites (SPHINX B/c - new initiative)

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

SCHEDULE ITEM	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
TASK ITEM																				
Establish Model		△	▽																	
Conduct Tests		△	▽																	
Evaluate Flight Data					▽	→	▽													
Extrapolate to Large Systems						△	→	▽												
Evaluate Flt Data												△	→	▽						

MANPOWER (M-Y)
INHOUSE
CONTRACTFUNDING (10⁶ \$)
INHOUSE
CONTRACT

	2	2			2	2	2	1	1				1	2	2					
	.1	.05			.1	.05	.05	.02	.02				.02	.05	.05					
	.10	.1			.2	.2	-	-					.2	.2						

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED

FORM NO. 1

PAGE 1 OF 2

1. TITLE Environmental Interactions: Personnel
Shielding by Electromagnetic and Electrostatic
Fields

NO. 7, 8/P-2/EI-5
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

2. OBJECTIVE

Evaluate the relative merits of future shielding by electromagnetic or electrostatic fields compared to mass shielding and recommend advanced technology direction.

3. NEED ANALYSIS

a) LEVEL NOW ☒ 2, WILL BE LEVEL ☒ 2 UNDER EXISTING PLANS.

b) REQUIRED ADVANCEMENT - SHOULD BE TECHNOLOGY READY AT LEVEL ☒ 5 FOR OPERATIONAL SYSTEM USE BY

DATE: 1995

c) RISK IN ACHIEVING ADVANCEMENT:

HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

d) CRITICALITY TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: ENABLING ☐ OR ENHANCING: HIGH ☒ MEDIUM ☐ LOW ☐

e) TASKS NEEDED: STUDY ☒ ANALYSIS ☒ RESEARCH ☒

GRD TEST ☒ AIR CRAFT TEST ☐ SPACE FLIGHT TEST ☐

OTHER (Specify) ☐

(Check one or more)

f) R&T BASE CANDIDATE Yes: New Start

4. COMPLEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENTS REQUIRED FOR USE OF THIS TECHNOLOGY (a) Superconducting magnet, (b) spacecraft charge control

5. SPECIFY TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

Provide detailed design specifications for personnel shielding of large GSO space stations against natural radiation environment. Accomplish laboratory testing to verify the specifications.

LEVEL OF STATE OF ART

1. BASIC PHI NOMINA OBSERVED AND REPORTED
2. THEORY FORMULATED TO DESCRIBE PHENOMENA
3. THEORY TESTED BY PHYSICAL EXPERIMENT OR MATHEMATICAL MODEL
4. PERTINENT FUNCTION OR CHARACTERISTIC DEMONSTRATED

5. COMPONENT OR BREADBOARD TESTED IN RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT IN THE LABORATORY
6. MODEL TESTED IN AIRCRAFT ENVIRONMENT
7. MODEL TESTED IN SPACE ENVIRONMENT

FORM NO. 1
PAGE 2 OF 2

TITLE Environmental Interactions:
Personnel Shielding By Electromagnetic
or Electrostatic Fields

NO. 1,7,8/P-2/EI-5
THEME / W.G. / TASK

DATE 4 / 28 / 76

6. RECOMMENDED APPROACH/PROGRAM PLAN TO ACCOMPLISH NEED

- (a) Survey of environment.
- (b) Analysis of shielding requirements.
- (c) Analysis of field generation requirements.
- (d) Experimental field generation.
- (e) Technology comparisons.
- (f) Selection of shielding method.

7. ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES/OPTIONS

Mass shielding

8. CURRENT/PLANNED RELATED ACTIVITIES (RTOP, OTHER)

None

9. TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

FY

[illegible][illegible]

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED PRIORITY ASSESSMENT

(List in numerical order, 1 - Highest Priority)

WORKING GROUP P-2

FORM II
FORM III

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

Task No.	THEME NO. TECHNOLOGY NEED NO.	7 SPACE POWER		8 SPACE INDUST.		9 SETI	10 SOLAR SYS. EXPL.	11 GLOBAL SERVICE	12 ADV. TRANS. SYS.	NASA R&T		SUMMARY PRIORITY ASSESSMENT			
		83	88	83	88					Current	R&T Base	WG	TT	OAST DIV.	
PC-2	Lt. Wt. Rad. Resis. S.A.		2		2	2		9		x	x	5			
PC-4	Lt. Wt. Lo Cost Silicon Arrays		6		6	6	4	8		x	x	11			
PC-7	Solar Array Tech. for SEP and P/L Appl.	3		3			4	1	8	x	x	4			
PC-8	Sil. Solar Cell Tech.					7	4	7		x	x	10			
ES-1	Tech. for Improving Perf. & Life: Alk. Batt.		13		13	13	3	5		x	x	13			
ES-2	Silver-Hydrogen Rechargeable Battery							11		x	x	33			
ES-3	Long Life, Lt. Wt. Ni-Cd Battery						3	2	7	x	x	12			
ES-5	Primary Probe Batteries						3			x	x	21			
ES-6	Large Ni-Cd Battery	4		4				10			x	6			
ES-7	Advanced Regen. H-O Fuel Cell					4					x	23			
ES-8	Photovoltaic/Electrolysis Fuel Cell Tech.		5		5	3					x	22			
ECC-1	Lightweight Fuel Cell								1	x	x	24			
PP-1	Advan. Electronic P.C. Technology	8	12	8	12	5		3	6	x	x	15			

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED PRIORITY ASSESSMENT

FORM II
FORM III

(List in numerical order, 1 - Highest Priority)

WORKING GROUP P-2

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

Task No.	THEME NO. TECHNOLOGY NEED NO.	7 SPACE POWER		8 SPACE INDUST.		9 SETI	10 SOLAR SYS. EXPL.	11 GLOBAL SERVICE	12 ADV. TRANS. SYS.	NASA R&T		SUMMARY PRIORITY ASSESSMENT			
		83	88	83	88					Current	R&T Base	WG	TT	OAST DIV.	
PP-2	Integrally Regul. Solar Array Tech.							13	2	x	x	16			
PP-3	Hi Power/Hi Voltage/ Low Loss Components	7	8	7	8				3	x	x	7			
PP-5	Remote Power Controller Tech.	10		10		10		6	4	x	x	25			
PP-6	Lg. Life, Hi Perf. Pwr. Proc. for Planetary Appl.						2			x	x	17			
PP-7	Power Transfer Across Rotary Joints							12			x	32			
PP-8	Multi-Kilowatt Distribution System	6	10	6	10			4		x	x	9			
TE-1	Thermoelectric Systems						3			x	x	18			
TE-3	Nuclear Thermionic Space Power System					12	1			x	x	26			
TE-5	Hi Performance Thermionic Conv. Tech.								5	x	x	27			
TE-7	Heat Pipes for High Thermal Densities	9	11	9	11					x	x	28			
TX-1	Microwave Transmission	5		5						x	x	14			
TX-2	Laser Power Converter		4		4					x	x	31			
TX-3	Laser Power Trans.		4		4					x	x	30			

SPACE TECHNOLOGY NEED PRIORITY ASSESSMENT

(List in numerical order, 1 – Highest Priority)

WORKING GROUP P-2

DATE 4 / 29 / 76

FORM II
FORM III

[illegible]

THEME SETI NO. 9ELECTRICAL POWER REQUIREMENTS

PERIOD	1984	1990	2000
1. Total Power KWe	2	3	10
		*(Order-of-megawatt power for shield and dish propulsion not included above)	
2. Bus Voltage Regulation %	1	1	1
3. Special Load Requirements		*Shield and dish propulsion for rotation of 10/day approximately once a year	
4. Breakdown Load Reqmnts of (1) Above	Receivers Data Links Control Telemetry Figure Monitors Figure Servos Cryogenics (5 to 100K)	→ → → → → → 5 to 100K	→ → → → → → + 70
5. Location of Orbit or Planet i.e. LEO,GSO, INNER or OUTER Planet	LEO/GSO	GSO/Lunar Distance	GSO/Lunar Distance
6. Unique Environmental Requirements	Half-Time Shadow Environmental-Charging Problem	→ → →	→ → →
7. Operational Life	10 years	10 years	30 years
8. Autonomous?	Yes		
9. Maintenance?	Yes		
10. Propulsion Req:			
a - Transfer Orb.	Yes		→
b - Position	Yes		→
c - Planetary			→
11. Special EMI,RFI etc?	RFI		→
12. Other			

THEME SOLAR EXPLORATION NO. 10ELECTRICAL POWER REQUIREMENTS

PERIOD	19 <u>90</u>	19 <u>95</u>	2000
1 • TOTAL POWER - KW _E	• PROPULSIVE POWER - HUNDREDS KW • SCIENCE PAYLOAD - 20 TO 30 KW • TOTAL = 220-230 KW • USE 200 KW	• 400/600 KW OR HIGHER • ABOUT THE SAME SCIENCE PAYLOAD • TOTAL 400-600 KW	? UNDEFINED
2 • BUS VOLTAGE REGULATION %	• FOR THRUST 1000V OR MORE • 100-200V FOR SCIENCE PAYLOAD • ORDER OF 1% DESIRED	• SAME	
3 • SPECIAL LOAD REQUIREMENTS	• PROPULSION SEE (1) ABOVE • SAR HAS PULSE LOADS CABLE RUNS LONG 60-80 FT	• SAME	
4 • BREAKDOWN LOAD REQUIREMENTS OF (1) ABOVE	• SEE (1)	• SEE (1)	
5 • LOCATION OF ORBIT OR PLANET i.e., LEO, GSO, INNER OR OUTER PLANET	• EARTH ORBIT OF PLANET TEST 10 KGM • FACILITY - IN LEO - 30 TO GSO • LEO 100-300 MILES FOR MONTHS • TRANSFER TIME - MONTHS WITH NEP AND SEP (60-180 DAYS)	• LAUNCH 1ST FACILITY TO OUTER PLANETS - 10 KGM NOT INCLUDING PROPULSION (12KG) INCLUDING PROBES, LANDER & PENETRATORS. 5 KG FOR ORBITING FACILITY	
6 • UNIQUE ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS	• EARTH RADIATION ENVIRONMENT • POSSIBLE SCALED-DOWN NEP* RADIATION ENVIRONMENT *1988 AVAILABILITY	SEVERE JUPITER RADIATION ENVIRONMENT	
7 • OPERATIONAL LIFE	• 8-10 YEARS	• 20 YEARS (TO EOM)	
8 • AUTONOMOUS?	• YES!	• YES	
9 • MAINTENANCE?	• OCCASIONALLY MANNED VISITS	• UNMANNED RESUPPLY & SAMPLE RETURN EVERY 3-5 YEARS	

THEME SOLAR EXPLORATION (CONTINUED) NO. 10

ELECTRICAL POWER REQUIREMENTS

PERIOD	19 <u>90</u>	19 <u>95</u>	2000
10 • PROPULSION REQ: a. Transfer Orbit b. Position c. Planetary	• YES • LEO TO GSO/STATION KPG • N/A	• 1ST LAUNCH USES NEP: SO DOES RESUPPLY • NEP & CHEMICAL FOR LANDERS, PROBES, FREE FLYERS (MANY)	
11 • SPECIAL EMI, RFI, ETC.?	• YES, SHIELD RADIATION OF NEP-LARGE PULSED POWER	• JUPITER IS A STRONG RFI SOURCE IN LITERATURE (SYNCHROTRON)	
12 • OTHER	• FREE FLYER - - Chemical Propulsion - Few Hundred Watts from RTG	• CHEMICAL/SEP WOULD PRECLUDE MISSIONS BEYOND JUPITER - THUS NEP ONLY OPTION • SUPPORT TO ORBITER: (a) Penetrators with - RTG: 1-2 watts; 20,000g impact capability; 1-2 yrs life - BATTERY: 10 watt load for 5-10 mins., 1 or 2 times month for 1-2 yrs temp. of about -150K (Jupiter env.) and work after 20 years - need batteries (long life) (b) Landers and probes using battery and RTG (c) Photo reconnaissance satellite needs 50 watt RTG, 1 month life, perform in intense radiation environment provide power after 20 years. (d) Sample & return - use RTG and battery. High peak battery loads to hundreds of watts.	

DATE